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70-740

Installation, Storage, and Compute with Windows Server 2016

Score: 800/1000

Version:

Time Limit: 120 Minutes

Exam A (167 questions)

Question 1

Your network contains an Active Directory domain. The domain contains a new file server named Server1 that runs a Server Core installation of Windows Server 2016.

Server1 has an ReFS-formatted volume D: and NTFS-formatted volume E:.

The volumes do not contain any data.

You install the Data Deduplication role service on Server1.

You need to implement Data Deduplication for volumes on D: and E:.

Solution: From Windows PowerShell, you run Enable-DeDupVolume-Volume D:,E:.

Does this meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No

Question 2

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016.

Server1 has Internet connectivity.

You have a Nano Server image.

You need to download and save a Nano Server package in the Nano Server image. The package is NOT included in the Windows Server 2016 installation media.

Which two cmdlets should you run on Server1? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

- ☐ Set-PackageSource
- ☐ Install-PackageProvider
- ☐ Add-AppxProvisionedPackage
- ☐ Save-NanoServerPackage
- ☐ Add-WindowsPackage

Question 3

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You are a server administrator at a company named Contoso, Ltd.

Contoso has a Windows Server 2016 Hyper-V environment configured as shown in the following table.

Hyper-V host name	Configuration	Virtual switch name
Host1	- Uses an Intel processor - Is a member of a SAN named SAN1	Switch1
Host2	- Uses an AMD processor - Has local storage only	Switch2
Host3	- Uses an Intel processor - Is a member of a SAN named SAN1	Switch1
Host4	- Uses an Intel processor - Has local storage only	Switch2

All of the virtual switches are of the external type.

You need to ensure that you can move virtual machines between the hosts without causing the virtual machines to disconnect from the network.

Solution: You implement live migration by using Host1 and Host3.

Does this meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
☐ No

Question 4

You have a Hyper-V host named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016. Server1 hosts a virtual machine named VM1 that runs Windows Server 2016.

You install the Hyper-V server role on VM1.

You need to ensure that the virtual machines hosted on VM1 can communicate with the virtual machines hosted on Server1.

What should you do?

- ☐ On Server1, run the Set-VmNetworkAdapterIsolation cmdlet and specify the –MultiTenantStack Off parameter.
- ☐ On VM1, run the Set-VMNetworkAdapter cmdlet and specify the –MacAddressSpoofing Off parameter.
- ☐ On VM1, run the Set-VmNetworkAdapterIsolation cmdlet and specify the –MultiTenantStack On parameter.
- ☐ On Server1, run the Set-VMNetworkAdapter cmdlet and specify the –MacAddressSpoofing On parameter.

Question 5

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that use the same or similar answer choices. An answer choice may be correct for more than one question in the series. Each question is independent of the other questions in this series. Information and details provided in a question apply only to that question.

You have a Hyper-V host named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016. Server1 has a virtual machine that uses a virtual hard disk (VHD) named disk1.vhdx.

You receive the following warning message from Event Viewer: “One or more virtual hard disks have a physical sector size that is smaller than the physical sector size of the storage on which the virtual hard disk file is located.”

You need to resolve the problem that causes the warning message.

What should you run?

- ☐ the Mount-VHD cmdlet
- ☐ the Diskpart command
- ☐ the Set-VHD cmdlet
- ☐ the Set-VM cmdlet
- ☐ the Set-VMHost cmdlet
- ☐ the Set-VMProcessor cmdlet
- ☐ the Install-WindowsFeature cmdlet
- ☐ the Optimize-VHD cmdlet

Question 6

You have two servers named Server1 and Server 2 that run Windows Server 2016.

You plan to implement Storage Replica to replicate the contents of volumes on Server1 and Server2.

You need to ensure that the replication traffic between the servers is limited to a maximum of 100 Mbps.

Which cmdlet should you run?

- ☐ Set-NetworkController
- ☐ Set-NetUDPSetting
- ☐ Set-NetQosPolicy
- ☐ Set-NetTCPSetting

Question 7

You have a Hyper-V host named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016. Server1 has two virtual machines named VM1 and VM2.

You discover that VM1 and VM2 can communicate with Server1 over the network.

You need to ensure that VM1 and VM2 can communicate with each other only. The solution must prevent VM1 and VM2 from communicating with Server1.

Which cmdlet should you use?

- ☐ Set-VMSwitch
- ☐ Enable-VMSwitchExtension
- ☐ Set-NetNeighbor
- ☐ Remove-VMSwitchTeamMember

Question 8

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your network contains an Active Directory forest.

You install Windows Server 2016 on 10 virtual machines.

You need to deploy the Web Server (IIS) server role identically to the virtual machines.

Solution: You create a software installation package, and then you publish the package to the virtual machines by using a Group Policy object (GPO).

Does this meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No

Question 9

You have a server named Served that runs Windows Server 2016. Server1 will be used as a VPN server. You need to configure Server1 to support VPN Reconnect. Which VPN protocol should you use?

- ☐ PPTP
- ☐ L2TP
- ☐ SSTP
- ☐ IKEv2

Question 10

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After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016. Server1 has the Hyper-V server role and Docker installed.

You pull the Microsoft/iis Docker image to Server1.

You need to view the available space in the Microsoft/iis Docker image.

Solution: You run the command `docker run -d Microsoft/iis`.

You open Disk Management on Server1.

Does this meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No

Question 11

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016.

Server1 hosts a line-of-business application named App1. App1 has a memory leak that occasionally causes the application to consume an excessive amount of memory.

You need to log an event in the Application event log whenever App1 consumes more than 4 GB of memory.

Solution: You create a system configuration information data collector.

Does this meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No

Question 12

You have a Hyper-V host that runs Windows Server 2016.

You need to identify the amount of processor resources consumed by Hyper-V and virtual machines.

Which counter should you use from Performance Monitor?

- ☐ \Hyper-V Hypervisor\Logical Processor
- ☐ \Hyper-V Hypervisor Root Virtual Processor(_Total)\% Guest Run Time
- ☐ \Hyper-V Hypervisor Virtual Processor(_Total)\% Hypervisor Run Time
- ☐ \Hyper-V Hypervisor Virtual Processor(_Total)\% Total Run Time
- ☐ \Hyper-V Hypervisor Logical Processor(_Total)\% Total Run Time

Question 13

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that use the same similar answer choices. An answer choice may be correct for more than one question in the series. Each question is independent of the other questions in this series. Information and details provided in a question apply only to that question.

You have two servers named Server1 and Server2 that run Windows Server 2016. Server1 and Server2 have the Hyper-V server role installed. An iSCSI SAN connects to the network.

You create a LUN on the SAN and configure both servers to connect to the iSCSI target. You create a failover cluster and add Server1 and Server2 to the cluster.

You connect both servers to the iSCSI target and format the shared storage. You need to add the shared storage to the cluster. The solution must ensure that virtual machines running on both nodes can access the shared storage simultaneously.

Which tool should you use?

- ☐ the clussvc.exe command
- ☐ the cluster.exe command
- ☐ the Computer Management snap-in
- ☐ the configurehyperv.exe command
- ☐ the Disk Management snap-in
- ☐ the Failover Cluster Manager snap-in
- ☐ the Hyper-V Manager snap-in
- ☐ the Server Manager app

Question 14

You have a failover cluster named Cluster1. A virtual machine named VM1 is a highly available virtual machine that runs on Cluster1. A custom application named App1 runs on VM1. You need to configure monitoring of VM1. If App1 adds an error entry to the Application event log, VM1 should be automatically rebooted and moved to another cluster node. Which tool should you use?

- ☐ Hyper-V Manager
- ☐ Failover Cluster Manager
- ☐ Server Manager
- ☐ Resource Monitor

Question 15

You have a Hyper-V host named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016. Server1 has an external virtual switch named Switch1. Server1 hosts a virtual machine named VM1 that runs Windows Server 2016. VM1 has one network adapter. The network adapter connects to Switch1.

You need to limit the maximum network bandwidth available to VM1 to 100 Mbps. The solution must limit the bandwidth for VM1 only.

Which cmdlet should you run?

- ☐ Set-NetAdapter
- ☐ Set-VMNetworkAdapter
- ☐ Set-VM
- ☐ Set-NetAdapterVmq
- ☐ Set-NetworkSwitchPortProperty

Question 16

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016.

You plan to use Windows Server Backup to back up all of the data on Server1.

You create a new volume on Server1.

You need to ensure that the new volume can be used as a backup target.

The backup target must support incremental backups.

Solution: You mount the volume to C:\Backup, and you format the volume by using exFAT.

Does this meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No

Question 17

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016.

The server has an application named App1. App1 writes entries to the Application event log when errors are encountered. The events have IDs of either 111 or 112.

You need to restart the service whenever either of these events is logged.

What should you do?

- ☐ From Windows PowerShell, run the Get-SMSEvent cmdlet and pipe the output to the Start-NetEventSession cmdlet.
- ☐ From Event Viewer, create a subscription that has a filter for the event IDs.
- ☐ From Event Viewer, use the Create Basic Task Wizard for each event ID.
- ☐ From Windows PowerShell, run the Get-Event cmdlet and pipe the output to the Start-NetEventSession cmdlet.
- ☐ From Windows PowerShell, run the Write-EventLog cmdlet and specify the –EventID parameter and the –Source parameter.
- ☐ From Event Viewer, create a custom view that has a filter for the event IDs.
- ☐ From Performance Monitor, add an Event Trace Session data collector that uses the Microsoft-Windows-Eventlog provider.

Question 18

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016.

The Windows Server 2016 installation media is mounted as drive D.

You copy the NanoServerImageGenerator folder from the D:\NanoServer folder to the C:\NanoServer folder.

You need to create a custom Nano Server image that includes the Hyper-V server role. The image will be used to deploy Nano Servers to physical servers.

Which two commands should you run? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

- ☐ New-NanoServerImage –Edition Standard –DeploymentType Guest –MediaPath D:\ - TargetPath .\NanoServerImage\NanoServer.wim –Compute
- ☐ Install-PackageProvider NanoServerPackage
- ☐ Import-PackageProvider NanoServerPackage
- ☐ New-NanoServerImage –Edition Standard –DeploymentType Host –MediaPath D:\ - TargetPath .\NanoServerImage\NanoServer.wim –Compute
- ☐ Import-Module C:\NanoServer\NanoServerImageGenerator

Question 19

You have Hyper-V virtual machines that run 50 web servers, 10 Microsoft SQL Server servers, 10 files servers, and eight domain controllers.

You need to implement a backup strategy that meets the following requirements:

Backs up all servers

Centralizes backup management

Performs application-level backups

Provides the ability to perform bare metal recovery

What should you use?

- ☐ Microsoft Azure VM Backup
- ☐ Microsoft Azure Backup Agent
- ☐ Windows Server Backup
- ☐ Microsoft Azure Backup Server

Question 20

Your network contains an Active Directory domain named adatum.com. The domain contains a Network Load Balancing (NLB) cluster as shown in the exhibit. (Click the Exhibit button.)

Network Load Balancing Manager

File
Cluster
Host
Options
Help

Network Load Balancing Cluster

Host configuration information for hosts in cluster NLB.Adatum.com

Host (interface)	Status	Dedicated IP...	Dedicated IP s...	Host	Initial host st...
SERVER1 (Ethernet 2)	Suspended	192.168.10.1	255.255.255.0	1	started
SERVER2 (Ethernet 2)	Converged	192.168.10.2	255.255.255.0	2	started
SERVER3 (Ethernet 2)	Stopped	192.168.10.3	255.255.255.0	3	started

Which hosts will respond to requests sent to nlb.adatum.com?

- ☐ Server1 only
- ☐ Server2 only
- ☐ Server1 and Server2 only
- ☐ Server1, Server2, and Server3

Question 21

You have a file server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016.

Object access auditing is configured on Server1.

You need to filter the Security event log to show all log entries that relate to a user named User1.

What should you do?

- ☐ Right-click the Security log, and then click Filter Current Log... On the Filter tab, type a value in the User box.
- ☐ Right-click the Security log, and then click Filter Current Log... On the Filter tab, select a value from the Event sources box.
- ☐ Right-click the Security log, and then click Create Custom View... On the Filter tab, type a value in the User box.
- ☐ Right-click the Security log, and then click Filter Current Log... On the XML tab, modify the QueryList entry and set an EventData tag.

Question 22

Note: In this section, you'll see one or more sets of questions with the same scenario and problem. Each question presents a unique solution to the problem, and you must determine whether the solution meets the stated goals. Any of the solutions might solve the problem. It is also possible that none of the solutions solve the problem.

Once you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution. Determine whether the solution meets the stated goals.

Your network contains an Active Directory domain named contoso.com. The domain contains a DNS server named Server1. All client computers run Windows 10. On Server1, you have the following zone configuration:

ZoneName	ZoneType	IsAutoCreated	IsDsIntegrated	IsReverseLookupZone	IsSign
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
_msdcs.contoso.com	Primary	False	True	False	False
adatum.com	Forwarder	False	False	False	
contoso.com	Primary	False	True	False	False
fabrikam.com	Primary	False	False	False	True
TrustAnchors	Primary	False	True	False	False

You have the following subnets defined on Server1.

Name	IPv4Subnet	IPv6Subnet
-----	-----	-----
Subnet1	(10.0.0.0/24)	
Subnet2	(10.0.1.0/24)	
Subnet3	(192.168.15.0/24)	
Subnet4	(172.16.1.0/24)	

You need to prevent Server1 from resolving queries from DNS clients located on Subnet4. Server1 must resolve queries from all other DNS clients.

Solution: From Windows PowerShell on Server1, you run the Add-DnsServerTrustAnchor cmdlet.

Does this meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
☐ No

Question 23

Your company has 10 offices. Each office has a local network that contains several Hyper-V hosts that run Windows Server 2016. All of the offices are connected by high speed, low latency WAN links.

You need to ensure that you can use QoS policies for Live Migration traffic between the offices. Which component should you install?

- ☐ the Multipath I/O feature
- ☐ the Routing role service
- ☐ the Network Controller server role
- ☐ the Canary Network Diagnostics feature
- ☐ the Data Center Bridging feature

Question 24

You have Nano Server image named Disk1.vhdx.

You mount Disk1.vhdx.

You need to add a folder that contains several files to the image.

Which tool or cmdlet you should use?

- ☐ Copy-Item
- ☐ Add-WindowsImage
- ☐ Add-WindowsPackage
- ☐ Edit-NanoServerImage
- ☐ Dism
- ☐ Nano Server Image Builder

Question 25

You create a Nano server image named Nano1.vhdx by using the New-NanoServerImage cmdlet.

You attach Nano1.vhdx to a Generation 1 virtual machine named Nano1.

When you start Nano1, you get the following error message:

"Boot failure. Reboot and select proper Boot device or Insert Boot Media in selected Boot device"

You need to successfully start Nano server.

What should you do?

- ☐ Attach Nano1.vhdx to a SCSIcontroller.
- ☐ Recreate Nano1 as a Generation 2 virtual machine.
- ☐ Increase the memory of Nano1 to 512 Mb.
- ☐ Modify the BIOS settings of Nano1.

Question 26

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016.

You plan to use Windows Server Backup to back up all of the data on Server1.

You create a new volume on Server1.

You need to ensure that the new volume can be used as a backup target.

The backup target must support incremental backups.

Solution: You assign a drive letter to the volume, and you format the volume by using exFAT.
Does this meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No

Question 27

You need to capture a Windows Server 2016 Datacenter image to a WIM file. The solution must exclude the C:\Windows.old folder.

Which two actions should you perform? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- ☐ Run Windows Configuration Designer and select the Advanced provisioning option
- ☐ Create a text file that contains an [ExclusionException] section
- ☐ Create a text file that contains an [ExclusionList] section
- ☐ Run dism.exe and specify the /ConfigFile parameter
- ☐ Run dism.exe and specify the /Scratchdir parameter
- ☐ Create a text file that contains an [CompressionExclusionList] section

Question 28

You have two servers named Server1 and Server2 that run Windows Server 2016.

You plan to implement Storage Replica to replicate the contents of volumes on Server1 to Server2.

You need to ensure that the replication traffic between the servers is limited to a maximum of 100 Mbps.

Which cmdlet should you run?

- ☐ Set-NetUDPSetting
- ☐ New-StorageQosPolicy
- ☐ Set-SmbBandwidthLimit
- ☐ Set-NetTCPSetting
- ☐ New-NetTransportFilter
- ☐ Set-NetworkController
- ☐ Set-NetUDPSetting

Question 29

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your network contains an Active Directory forest.

You install Windows Server 2016 on 10 virtual machines.

You need to deploy the Web Server (IIS) server role identically to the virtual machines.

Solution: From Windows System Image Manager, you create an answer file, you copy the file to C:\Sysprep on each virtual machine, and then you run the Apply-Image cmdlet.

Does this meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No

Question 30

Your network contains a new Active Directory domain named contoso.com.

You have a security policy that states that new servers should run Nano Server whenever possible.

Which server role can be deployed on a Nano Server?

- ☐ Active Directory Certificate Services
- ☐ DHCP Server
- ☐ Remote Desktop Services
- ☐ DNSServer

Question 31

You have two servers named Server1 and Server2.

A firewall exists between Server1 and Server2.

Both servers run Windows Server Update Services (WSUS).

Server1 downloads updates from Microsoft update.

Server2 must synchronize updates from Server1.

Which port should to open on the firewall?

- ☐ 80
- ☐ 443
- ☐ 3389
- ☐ 8530

Question 32

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that use the same scenario. For your convenience, the scenario is repeated in each question. Each question presents a different goal and answer choices, but the text of the scenario is exactly the same in each question in this series.

A company named Contoso, Ltd. has several servers that run Windows Server 2016. Contoso has a Hyper-V environment that uses failover clustering and Windows Server Update Services (WSUS). The environment contains several Windows containers and several virtual machines.

The WSUS deployment contains one upstream server that is located on the company's perimeter network and several downstream servers located on the internal network. A firewall separates the upstream server from the downstream servers.

You plan to deploy a human resources application to a new server named HRServer5. HRServer5 contains a FAT32-formatted data volume.

The CIO of Contoso identifies the following requirements for the company's IT department:

Deploy a failover cluster to two new virtual machines.

Store all application databases by using Encrypted File System (EFS).

Ensure that each Windows container has a dedicated IP address assigned by a DHCP server.

Produce a report that lists the processor time used by all of the processes on a server named Server1 for five hours.

Encrypt all communication between the internal network and the perimeter network, including all WSUS communications.

Automatically load balance the virtual machines hosted in the Hyper-V cluster when processor utilization exceeds 70 percent.

Which two actions should you perform to meet the encryption requirement for WSUS? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

- ☐ Require SSL on the Inventory virtual directory.
- ☐ Require SSL on the ClientWebService virtual directory.
- ☐ Create a firewall rule to allow TCP port 443.
- ☐ Create a firewall rule to allow TCP port 8531.

Question 33

You have two Hyper-V hosts named Server1 and Server2 that run Windows Server 2016.

Server1 and Server2 are connected to the same network.

On Server1 and Server2, you create an external network switch named Switch1.

You have the virtual machines shown in the following table.

Virtual machine name	IP address	Subnet mask	Hyper-V host
VM1	192.168.1.16	255.255.255.0	Server1
VM2	192.168.1.32	255.255.255.0	Server2
VM3	192.168.1.48	255.255.255.0	Server2

All three virtual machines are connected to Switch1.

You need to prevent applications in VM3 from being able to capture network traffic from VM1 or VM2. The solution must ensure that VM1 retains network connectivity.

What should you do?

- ☐ On Server2, configure the VLAN ID setting of Switch1.
- ☐ On Server2, create an external switch and connect VM3 to the switch.
- ☐ Modify the subnet mask of VM1 and VM2.
- ☐ Configure network virtualization for VM1 and VM2.

Question 34

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your network contains an Active Directory forest.

You install Windows Server 2016 on 10 virtual machines.

You need to deploy the Web Server (IIS) server role identically to the virtual machines.

Solution: From a Group Policy object (GPO), you create an application control policy, and then you apply the policy to the virtual machines.

Does this meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No

Question 35

You have a server named Server1. Server1 contains a drive named D that has Data Deduplication enabled.

You delete 1 TB of files from drive D.

You need to ensure that you can use all the disk space that was used by the deleted files as soon as possible.

What should you run?

- ☐ the Update-DedupStatus cmdlet
- ☐ the ThroughputOptimization task from the Task Scheduler
- ☐ the WeeklyGarbageCollection task from the Task Scheduler
- ☐ the Set-DedupVolume cmdlet

Question 36

You have four servers named Server1, Server2, Server3, and Server4 that run Windows Server 2016. Server1 and Server2 have the Hyper-V server role installed. Server1 hosts a virtual machine named VM1. Server2 hosts a virtual machine named VM2. Server3 hosts the disks and the configurations of both virtual machines on an SMB share named VMShare. All servers are joined to an Active Directory domain.

You use Server4 to manage Hyper-V operations on Server1 and Server2.

From Server4, you attempt to perform a live migration of VM1 and VM2, but you receive the following error message: "No credentials are available in the security package".

You need to ensure that you can perform the live migration of VM1 and VM2 between Server1 and Server2 while signed in to Server4.

What should you do?

- ☐ From Active Directory Users and Computers, modify the properties of Server4. Configure the delegation settings to trust the computer for delegation of cifs.
- ☐ From Windows PowerShell on Server3, run the remove-SMBMultiChannelConstraint cmdlet, and then assign Server4 Full Control permissions to VMShare.
- ☐ From Active Directory Users and Computers, modify the properties of Server1 and Server2. Configure the Delegation settings to trust the computers for delegation of the Microsoft Virtual System Migration Service.
- ☐ From Active Directory Users and Computers, modify the properties of your user account. Modify the Account is sensitive and cannot be delegated setting.

Question 37

Your network contains three Hyper-V hosts. You add all of the hosts to a cluster.

You need to create highly available storage spaces that connect to directly attached storage on the hosts.

Which cmdlet should you use?

- ☐ Add-ClusterDisk
- ☐ Enable-ClusterStorageSpacesDirect
- ☐ Update-ClusterVirtualMachineConfiguration
- ☐ Set-StoragePool

Question 38

You have two Hyper-V hosts named Server1 and Server2 that run Windows Server 2016. The hosts are nodes in failover cluster.

A highly available virtual machine named VM1 is running on Server1.

You need to move VM1 to Server2 while minimizing downtime.

What should you do?

- ☐ From Windows PowerShell, run Move-ClusterGroup
- ☐ From Hyper-V Manager, use the Move action.
- ☐ From Failover Cluster Manager, use the Move Virtual Machine Storage option.
- ☐ From Windows PowerShell, run Move-VM.

Question 39

You have an Active Directory domain named contoso.com.

The computers in contoso.com are installed by using Windows Deployment Services.

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016 and is a member of contoso.com. Server1 has the Hyper-V role installed. Virtual machines on Server1 are connected to an external switch named Switch1.

You create a virtual machine named VM1 on Server1 by running the following cmdlets.

```
New-VM VM1
Add-VMHardDiskDrive -VMName VM1 -ControllerType IDE -Path c:\VMs\Disk1.vhd
Add-VMNetworkAdapter -VMName VM1
```

You need to ensure that you can install the operating system on VM1 by using Windows Deployment Services.

What should you do?

- ☐ Modify the DefaultFlowMinimumBandwidthWeight parameter of Switch1.
- ☐ Add a SCSI controller to VM1.
- ☐ Add a legacy network adapter to VM1.
- ☐ Modify the SwitchType parameter of Switch1.

Question 40

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your network contains an Active Directory domain named contoso.com.

You need to create a Nano Server image named Nano1 that will be used as a virtualization host. The Windows Server 2016 source files are located in drive D.

Solution: You run the following cmdlet.

```
New-NanoServerImage -Edition Datacenter -DeploymentType Host -Package  
Microsoft-NanoServer-SCVMM-Package -MediaPath 'D:\' -TargetPath  
C:\Nano1\Nano1.wim -ComputerName Nano1 -DomainName Contoso.com
```

Does this meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No

Question 41

You have a Nano Server named Nano1. You deploy several containers to Nano1 that use an image named Image1. You need to deploy a new container to Nano1 that uses Image1. What should you run?

- ☐ the Install-NanoServerPackage cmdlet
- ☐ the Install-WindowsFeature cmdlet
- ☐ the docker load command
- ☐ the docker run command

Question 42

You have a server that runs Windows Server 2016.

The server contains a storage pool named Pool1. Pool1 contains five physical disks named Disk1, Disk2, Disk3, Disk4, and Disk5.

A virtual disk named VirtualDisk1 is stored in Pool1. VirtualDisk1 uses the parity storage layout.

Disk3 fails.

You need to remove Disk3 from Pool1.

Which two commands should you run? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

- ☐ Update-StoragePool -FriendlyName Pool1
- ☐ Set-ResiliencySetting -StoragePool Pool1 -PhysicalDiskRedundancyDefault 4
- ☐ Reset-PhysicalDisk -FriendlyName Disk3
- ☐ Set-PhysicalDisk -FriendlyName Disk3 -Usage Retired
- ☐ Remove-PhysicalDisk -FriendlyName Disk3

Question 43

You have a Windows Server 2106 failover cluster named Cluster1 that contains four nodes named Server1, Server2, Server3, and Server4. Cluster1 hosts 40 virtual machines that are distributed evenly across the nodes.

Server1 and Server2 are located in a data center in Madrid. Server3 and Server4 are located in a data center in Barcelona.

You need to ensure that when you pause a node, the clustered virtual machines will always attempt to move automatically to another node in the same data center before attempting to move to a node in the other data center.

Which two actions should you perform? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

- ☐ Run the New-ClusterFaultDomain cmdlet.
- ☐ Run the Add-ClusterGroup cmdlet.
- ☐ Configure a file share witness for each data center.
- ☐ Run the Set-ClusterFaultDomain cmdlet.
- ☐ Create an Active Directory site for each data center.
- ☐ Change the quorum configuration of the cluster to Node Majority.

Question 44

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016.

On Server1, you use the Basic template to create a new Data Collector Set named CollectorSet1.

You need to configure CollectorSet1 to generate performance alerts.

What should you do before you start CollectorSet1?

- ☐ Modify the performance counter data collector of CollectorSet1.
- ☐ Add a new data collector to CollectorSet1.
- ☐ Modify the configuration data collector of CollectorSet1.
- ☐ Add a new task to CollectorSet1.

Question 45

You plan to install a Nano Server on a physical server named Nano1. Nano1 will host several virtual machines that will use live migration.

Which package should you install on Nano1?

- ☐ Microsoft-NanoServer-SecureStartup-Package
- ☐ Microsoft-NanoServer-ShieldedVM-Package
- ☐ Microsoft-NanoServer-Compute-Package
- ☐ Microsoft-NanoServer-FailoverCluster-Package
- ☐ Microsoft-NanoServer-Storage –Package

Question 46

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that use the same scenario. For your convenience, the scenario is repeated in each question. Each question presents a different goal and answer choices, but the text of the scenario is exactly the same in each question in this series.

A company named Contoso, Ltd. has several servers that run Windows Server 2016. Contoso has a Hyper-V environment that uses failover clustering and Windows Server Update Services (WSUS). The environment contains several Windows containers and several virtual machines.

The WSUS deployment contains one upstream server that is located on the company's perimeter network and several downstream servers located on the internal network. A firewall separates the upstream server from the downstream servers.

You plan to deploy a human resources application to a new server named HRServer5. HRServer5 contains a FAT32-formatted data volume.

The CIO of Contoso identifies the following requirements for the company's IT department:

- Deploy a failover cluster to two new virtual machines.
- Store all application databases by using Encrypted File System (EFS).
- Ensure that each Windows container has a dedicated IP address assigned by a DHCP server.
- Produce a report that lists the processor time used by all of the processes on a server named Server1 for five hours.
- Encrypt all communication between the internal network and the perimeter network, including all WSUS communications.
- Automatically load balance the virtual machines hosted in the Hyper-V cluster when processor utilization exceeds 70 percent.

You need to modify the Hyper-V cluster to meet the load balancing requirement for the virtual machine.

Which command should you run?

- ☐ (Get-ClusterParameter).AutoBalancerMode=2
- ☐ (Get-Cluster).AutoBalancerMode=2
- ☐ (Get-ClusterParameter).AutoBalancerLevel=2
- ☐ (Get-Cluster).AutoBalancerLevel=2

Question 47

You have a Hyper-V cluster that uses Cluster Shared Volumes (CSV). The cluster contains 20 virtual machines. Each virtual machine has a single disk.

You create a storage QoS policy that sets the minimum IOPS to 100 and the maximum IOPS to 200.

You need to ensure that the storage traffic of each virtual machine complies with the storage QoS policy.

What should you run?

- ☐ Set-VMHardDiskDrive
- ☐ Set-VM
- ☐ Set-VMHost
- ☐ Set-VHD

Question 48

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016.

Server1 is a Docker host.

You are creating a Dockerfile to build a Docker image.

You need to add a file named File1.txt from Server1 to C:\Folder1\ in the Docker image.

What are two possible commands that you can use to achieve the goal? Each correct answer presents a complete solution.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- ☐ COPY file1.txt c:/folder1/
- ☐ copy-item file1.txt folder1\file1.txt
- ☐ ROBOCOPY file.txt \folder1\
- ☐ XCOPY file1.txt c:\folder1\
- ☐ ADD file1.txt /folder1/

Question 49

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016.

Server1 has four SCSI disks and a storage pool named Pool1 that contains three disks.

You create a virtual disk named Disk 1 that uses a mirrored layout.

You create a partition named Partition1 that uses all of the available space on Disk 1.

You need to extend Partition1.

What should you do first?

- ☐ From Windows PowerShell, run the Resize-Partition cmdlet.
- ☐ From Disk Management, modify the properties of Partition1.
- ☐ From the Storage Pools page in Server Manager, extend a virtual disk.
- ☐ From Disk Management, extend a volume.
- ☐ From Windows PowerShell, run the Resize-VHD cmdlet.
- ☐ From Windows PowerShell, run the Resize-StorageTier cmdlet.
- ☐ From Windows PowerShell, run the Expand-IscsiVirtualDisk cmdlet.

Question 50

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016. Server1 contains a volume named D. Volume D contains the folders shown in the following table.

Name	Size	Description
Folder1	200 GB	Contains Microsoft Word documents and PowerPoint presentations that are encrypted by using EFS
Folder2	200 GB	Contains several VHDX files that contain installations of Windows 10
Folder3	200 GB	Contains uncompressed BMP images
Folder4	200 GB	Application source files for different versions of Microsoft Office

You enable Data Deduplication.

Which folder will benefit the least from Data Deduplication?

- ☐ Folder2
- ☐ Folder3
- ☐ Folder1
- ☐ Folder4

Question 51

You have a Hyper-V host named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016. Server1 hosts a virtual machine named VM1.

You need to provide VM1 with direct access to a graphics processing unit (GPU) on Server1.

What should you do first?

- ☐ On VM1, install the Quality Windows Audio Video Experience (qWave) feature.
- ☐ Dismount the display adapter on Server1.
- ☐ In the settings of VM1, add a RemoteFX 3D Video Adapter.
- ☐ Disable the display adapter device on Server1.

Question 52

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016 and has the Hyper-V server role installed.

On server1, you plan to create a virtual machine named VM1.

You need to ensure that you can start VM1 from the network.

What are two possible ways to achieve the goal? Each correct answer presents a complete solution.

- ☐ Create a generation 2 virtual machine.
- ☐ Create a generation 1 virtual machine and run the Enable-NetAdapterPackageDirectcmdlet.
- ☐ Create a generation 1 virtual machine that has a legacy network adapter.
- ☐ Create a generation 1 virtual machine and configure a single root I/O virtualization (SRV-IO) interface for the network adapter.

Question 53

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that use the same scenario. For your convenience, the scenario is repeated in each question. Each question presents a different goal and answer choices, but the text of the scenario is exactly the same in each question in this series.

Your network contains an Active Directory domain named contoso.com. The functional level of the forest and the domain is Windows Server 2008 R2. All servers in the domain run Windows Server 2016 Standard. The domain contains 300 client computers that run either Windows 8.1 or Windows 10.

The domain contains nine servers that are configured as shown in the following table.

Name	Configuration	Planned changes
Server1	Domain controller	<i>None</i>
Server2	File server	Run Failover Clustering and Storage Spaces Direct
Server3	File server	Run Failover Clustering and Storage Spaces Direct
Server4	Hyper-V host	Run shielded virtual machines
Server5	Hyper-V host	<i>None</i>
Server6	Member server	Run Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS)
VM1	Virtual machine hosted on Server5	<i>None</i>
VM2	Virtual machine hosted on Server5	<i>None</i>
VM3	Virtual machine hosted on Server5	<i>None</i>

The virtual machines are configured as follows:

- Each virtual machine has one virtual network adapter.
- VM1 and VM2 are part of a Network Load Balancing (NLB) cluster.
- All of the servers on the network can communicate with all of the virtual machines.

On Server4, you plan to provision a new volume that will be used to create large, fixed-size VHDX files.

Which type of file system should you use for the new volume to minimize the amount of time required to create the VHDX files?

- ☐ ReFS
- ☐ NTFS
- ☐ CSVFS
- ☐ exFAT

Question 54

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016. Server1 is a Hyper-V host that hosts a virtual machine named VM1. Server1 has three network adapter cards. That connect to a virtual switch named vSwitch1. You configure NIC Teaming on VM1 as shown in the exhibit:

NIC Teaming

New team

Team name:

Member adapters:

In Team	Adapter	Speed	State	Reason
☐	Ethernet	1 Gbps		
☒	Ethernet 2	1 Gbps		
☒	Ethernet 3	1 Gbps		

^ Additional properties

Teaming mode:

Load balancing mode:

Standby adapter:

Primary team interface: [Converged NIC Team, Default VLAN](#)

OK Cancel

You need to ensure that VM1 will retain access to the network if a physical adapter card fails on Server1. What should you do?

- ☐ From Hyper-V Manager on Server1, modify the settings of VM1.
- ☐ From Windows PowerShell on Server1, run the Set-VmSwitch cmdlet.
- ☐ From the properties of the NIC team on VM1, add the adapter named Ethernet to the NIC team.

- ☐ From the properties of the NIC team on VM1, change the load balancing of the NIC team.

Question 55

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that use the same or similar answer choices. An answer choice may be correct for more than one question in the series. Each question is independent of the other questions in this series. Information and details provided in a question apply only to that question.

You have a Hyper-V host named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016. Server1 has a dynamically expanding virtual hard disk (VHD) file that is 900 GB. The VHD contains 400 GB of free space.

You need to reduce the amount of disk space used by the VHD.

What should you run?

- ☐ the Mount-VHD cmdlet
- ☐ the Diskpart command
- ☐ the Set-VHD cmdlet
- ☐ the Set-VM cmdlet
- ☐ the Set-VMHost cmdlet
- ☐ the Set-VMProcessor cmdlet
- ☐ the Install-WindowsFeature cmdlet
- ☐ the Optimize-VHD cmdlet

Question 56

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016.

Server1 hosts a line-of-business application named App1. App1 has a memory leak that occasionally causes the application to consume an excessive amount of memory.

You need to log an event in the Application event log whenever App1 consumes more than 4 GB of memory.

Solution: You create a performance counter alert data collector.

Does this meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No

Question 57

You have a Windows Server 2016 failover cluster named Cluster1 that contains three nodes named Server1, Server2, and Server3. Each node hosts several virtual machines. The virtual machines are configured to fail over to another node in Cluster1 if the hosting node fails.

You need to ensure that if the Cluster service fails on one of the nodes, the virtual machine of that node will fail over immediately.

Which setting should you configure?

- ☐ FailureConditionLevel
- ☐ QuarantineDuration
- ☐ ResiliencyPeriod
- ☐ ResiliencyLevel

Question 58

You have a Windows container host named Server1.

On Server1, you create a container named Container1.

You need to mount C:\ContainerFiles from Server1 to Container1.

What should you run?

- ☐ `dockerd --storage-opt dm.mountopt=ContainerFiles`
- ☐ `docker run -it -v c:\ContainerFiles Container1`
- ☐ `dockerd --storage-opt dm.datadev=/c/ContainerFiles`
- ☐ `docker run -it -vc:\ContainerFiles:c:\ContainerFiles Container1`

Question 59

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You network contains an Active Directory forest named contoso.com. The forest contains a child domain named eu.contoso.com.

You plan to implement live migration between two Hyper-V hosts that run Windows Server 2016. The hosts are configured as shown in the following table.

Host name	Configuration
Host1	• Is a member of the contoso.com domain • Uses an Intel Xeon processor released in 2012 • Has an external virtual switch named Switch1 • Hosts a virtual machine named VM1 that connects to Switch1
Host2	• Is a member of the eu.contoso.com domain • Uses an Intel Xeon processor released in 2016 • Has an external virtual switch named Switch1

You need to ensure that you can perform a live migration of VM1 from Host1 to Host2.

Solution: You replace the processor in Host1 with a processor that is identical to the processor in Host2.

Does meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
☐ No

Question 60

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that use the same scenario. For your convenience, the scenario is repeated in each question. Each question presents a different goal and answer choices, but the text of the scenario is exactly the same in each question in this series.

Your network contains an Active Directory domain named contoso.com. The functional level of the forest and the domain is Windows Server 2008 R2. All servers in the domain run Windows Server 2016 Standard. The domain contains 300 client computers that run either Windows 8.1 or Windows 10.

The domain contains nine servers that are configured as shown in the following table.

Name	Configuration	Planned changes
Server1	Domain controller	<i>None</i>
Server2	File server	Run Failover Clustering and Storage Spaces Direct
Server3	File server	Run Failover Clustering and Storage Spaces Direct
Server4	Hyper-V host	Run shielded virtual machines
Server5	Hyper-V host	<i>None</i>
Server6	Member server	Run Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS)
VM1	Virtual machine hosted on Server5	<i>None</i>
VM2	Virtual machine hosted on Server5	<i>None</i>
VM3	Virtual machine hosted on Server5	<i>None</i>

The virtual machines are configured as follows:

Each virtual machine has one virtual network adapter.

VM1 and VM2 are part of a Network Load Balancing (NLB) cluster.

All of the servers on the network can communicate with all of the virtual machines.

You plan to implement nested virtual machines on VM1.

Which two features will you be prevented from using for VM1?

- ☐ NUMA spanning
- ☐ live migration
- ☐ Dynamic Memory
- ☐ Smart Paging

Question 61

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that use the same scenario. For your convenience, the scenario is repeated in each question. Each question presents a different goal and answer choices, but the text of the scenario is exactly the same in each question in this series.

A company named Contoso, Ltd. has several servers that run Windows Server 2016. Contoso has a Hyper-V environment that uses failover clustering and Windows Server Update Services (WSUS). The environment contains several Windows containers and several virtual machines.

The WSUS deployment contains one upstream server that is located on the company's perimeter network and several downstream servers located on the internal network. A firewall separates the upstream server from the downstream servers.

You plan to deploy a human resources application to a new server named HRServer5. HRServer5 contains a FAT32-formatted data volume.

The CIO of Contoso identifies the following requirements for the company's IT department:

Deploy a failover cluster to two new virtual machines.

Store all application databases by using Encrypted File System (EFS).

Ensure that each Windows container has a dedicated IP address assigned by a DHCP server.

Produce a report that lists the processor time used by all of the processes on a server named Server1 for five hours.

Encrypt all communication between the internal network and the perimeter network, including all WSUS communications.

Automatically load balance the virtual machines hosted in the Hyper-V cluster when processor utilization exceeds 70 percent.

Which networking mode should you configure for the Windows containers?

- ☐ 12tunnel
- ☐ 12bridge
- ☐ network address translation (NAT)
- ☐ transparent

Question 62

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have two servers that run Windows Server 2016.

You plan to create a Network Load Balancing (NLB) cluster that will contain both servers.

You need to configure the network cards on the servers for the planned NLB configuration.

Solution: You configure the network cards to be on a separate subnet and to have static IP addresses. You configure the cluster to use unicast.

Does this meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No

Question 63

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have two servers that run Windows Server 2016.

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016. Server1 has the Hyper-V server role and Docker installed.

You pull the Microsoft/iis Docker image to Server1.

You need to view the available space in the Microsoft/iis Docker image.

Solution: You run the following commands.

```
docker run --name container1 --d Microsoft/iis
docker exec -i container1 cmd.exe
dir
```

Does this meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No

Question 64

You have four servers named Server1, Server2, Server3, and Server4 that run Windows Server 2016. Each server has a single 4-TB SATA hard disk.

To each server you attach a new 4-TB SATA hard disk.

You need to create a new storage cluster that uses Storage Spaces Direct. The storage pool must contain all of the new disks.

Which command should you run before you enable Storage Space Direct?

- ☐ Add-ClusterSharedVolume --Name "Disk 1" --Cluster Cluster1
- ☐ New-Cluster --Name Cluster1 --Node 'Server1', 'Server2', 'Server3', 'Server4' -NoStorage
- ☐ Get-ClusterAvailableDisk --Cluster Cluster1 | Add-ClusterDisk
- ☐ New-ClusterStorageEnclosure --id 1 --name Cluster1 --type jbod --ConnectionString "Server1,Server2,Server3,Server4"

Question 65

You have a Nano Server that runs Windows Server 2016. The Nano Server runs on a physical machine.

You have not installed any packages on the server.

You attach a new disk to the server, and you initialize the disk as a GPT disk.

You need to create a ReFS-formatted volume on the new disk.

What should you do first?

- ☐ From the physical server, log on to the Nano Server Recovery Console.
- ☐ Install the Microsoft NanoServer-Host-Package package.
- ☐ Run the Format-Volume cmdlet and specify the -FileSystem switch.
- ☐ Install the Microsoft NanoServer-Storage-Package package.

Question 66

Note: In this section, you'll see one or more sets of questions with the same scenario and problem. Each question presents a unique solution to the problem, and you must determine whether the solution meets the stated goals. Any of the solutions might solve the problem. It is also possible that none of the solutions solve the problem.

Once you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution. Determine whether the solution meets the stated goals.

Your network contains an Active Directory domain named contoso.com. The domain contains a DNS server named Server1. All client computers run Windows 10. On Server1, you have the following zone configuration:

ZoneName	ZoneType	IsAutoCreated	IsDsIntegrated	IsReverseLookupZone	IsSign
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
_msdcs.contoso.com	Primary	False	True	False	False
adatum.com	Forwarder	False	False	False	
contoso.com	Primary	False	True	False	False
fabrikam.com	Primary	False	False	False	True
TrustAnchors	Primary	False	True	False	False

You have the following subnets defined on Server1.

Name	IPv4Subnet	IPv6Subnet
-----	-----	-----
Subnet1	(10.0.0.0/24)	
Subnet2	(10.0.1.0/24)	
Subnet3	(192.168.15.0/24)	
Subnet4	(172.16.1.0/24)	

You need to prevent Server1 from resolving queries from DNS clients located on Subnet4. Server1 must resolve queries from all other DNS clients.

Solution: From Windows Firewall with Advanced Security on Server1, you create an inbound rule.

Does this meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
☐ No

Question 67

You have an application named App1. App1 is distributed to multiple Hyper-V virtual machines in a multitenant environment. You need to ensure that the traffic is distributed evenly among the virtual machines that host App1. What should you include in the environment?

- ☐ Network Controller and Windows Server Network Load Balancing (NLB) nodes
- ☐ Network Controller and Windows Server Software Load Balancing (SLB) nodes
- ☐ a RAS Gateway and Windows Server Network Load Balancing (NLB) nodes
- ☐ a RAS Gateway and Windows Server Software Load Balancing (SLB) nodes

Question 68

HOTSPOT

You plan to deploy three servers named Server1, Server2, and Server3 that will run Windows Server 2016. The servers will have the following disk configurations:

Server1 will have a C: drive of 2 TB.

Server2 will have two disks. The C: drive will be 2 TB. The D: drive will be 1TB. D: must support file system-based compression.

Server3 will have two disks. The C: drive will be 2 TB. The D: drive will be 1TB and must support file-system based quotas.

Which file system can you use for each drive? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

Answer Area

C: on all servers:

	▼
NTFS only	
ReFS only	
Either NTFS or ReFS	

D: on Server2:

	▼
NTFS only	
ReFS only	
Either NTFS or ReFS	

D: on Server3:

	▼
NTFS only	
ReFS only	
Either NTFS or ReFS	

Question 69

You have two Hyper-V hosts named Server1 and Server2 that run Windows Server 2016. Server1 hosts a virtual machine named VM1 that is in a Running state.

On Server1, you export VM1 and then you import VM1 on Server2.

What is the current state of VM1 on Server2?

- ☐ Paused
- ☐ Off
- ☐ Saved
- ☐ Running

Question 70

You have a Hyper-V host named HV1 that runs Windows Server 2016. HV1 is a guarded host that is part of a guarded fabric. HV1 receives updates through the Semi-Annual Channel.

HV1 hosts the virtual machines shown in the following table.

Name	Operating system	Configuration
VM1	Windows Server 2012 R2	Generation 1 BitLocker Drive Encryption (BitLocker)-protected
VM2	Windows Server 2012 R2	Generation 2 Shielded virtual machine
VM3	Windows Server 2016	Generation 1 BitLocker Drive Encryption (BitLocker)-protected
VM4	Windows 10	Generation 2

HV1 has the virtual switches shown in the following table.

Name	Connection type	Virtual machines attached to the switch
SW1	External	VM3
SW2	Internal	VM2, VM4
SW3	Private	VM1

All the virtual machines are running and are joined to the same domain.

To which virtual machine can you connect by using PowerShell Direct?

- ☐ only VM1 and VM3
- ☐ only VM2 and VM4
- ☐ only VM3 and VM4
- ☐ VM1, VM2, VM3, and VM4

Question 71

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After your answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your network contains an Active Directory forest named contoso.com.

You need to identify which server is the schema master.

Solution: From a command prompt, you run netdom query fsmo.

Does this meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No

Question 72

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that use the same or similar answer choices. An answer choice may be correct for more than one question in the series. Each question is independent of the other questions in this series. Information and details provided in a question apply only to that question.

You have a Hyper-V host named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016. Server1 contains a virtual machine named VM1.

You need to ensure that you can use nested virtualization on VM1.

What should you run on Server1?

- ☐ the Mount-VHD cmdlet
- ☐ the Diskpart command
- ☐ the Set-VHD cmdlet
- ☐ the Set-VM cmdlet
- ☐ the Set-VMHost cmdlet
- ☐ the Set-VMProcessor cmdlet
- ☐ the Install-WindowsFeature cmdlet
- ☐ the Optimize-VHD cmdlet

Question 73

You have a server named Server1 that is an iSCSI target. You have a server named Server2 that runs Windows Server 2016. Server2 has an iSCSI disk named Disk1 that is hosted on Server1. Disk1 contains one volume that is assigned a drive letter of E.

You need to increase the size of Disk1.

What should you do?

- ☐ Run the Resize-IscsiVirtualDisk cmdlet and specify the -ComputerName Server2 parameter.
- ☐ Run the Resize-IscsiVirtualDisk cmdlet and specify the -ComputerName Server1 parameter.
- ☐ Run the Resize-Partition cmdlet and specify the -ComputerName Server1 parameter.
- ☐ Run the Resize- Partition cmdlet and specify the -ComputerName Server2 parameter.

Question 74

You have a Windows Server 2016 failover cluster that contains two servers named Server1 and Server2.

The Cluster Service on Server1 fails.

You need to identify the cause of the failure.

What should you do?

- ☐ From Windows PowerShell, run the Get-ClusterNode cmdlet.
- ☐ From Event Viewer, review the Application event log.
- ☐ From Windows PowerShell, run the Get-ClusterLog cmdlet.
- ☐ From Event Viewer, review the System event log.

Question 75

DRAG DROP

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016.

You plan to deploy Internet Information Services (IIS) in a Windows container.

You need to prepare Server1 for the planned deployment.

Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Actions	Answer Area
Install the Hyper-V server role.	⬅ ➡ ⬆ ⬇
Install the Base Container Images.	
Install the Container feature.	
Install Docker.	
Install the Web Server role.	

Question 76

You have a server named Server1. Server1 contains a volume that has Data Deduplication enabled.

You need to reduce the amount of memory allocated to the Data Deduplication process.

Which cmdlet should you run?

- ☐ Enabled-DedupVolume
- ☐ Update-Dedupstatus
- ☐ Set-DedupVolume
- ☐ Set-DedupSchedule

Question 77

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016. Server1 has the Hyper-V server role and Docker installed.

You pull the Microsoft/iis Docker image to Server1.

You need to view the available space in the Microsoft/iis Docker image.

Solution: You run the command `docker run --isolation hyperv -d microsoft/iis`.

You open Disk Management on Server1.

Does this meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No

Question 78

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016. Server1 has the Containers feature installed.

You create a text file that contains the commands that will be used to automate the creation of new containers.

You need to ensure that the commands in the text file are used when you create new containers.

What should you name the file?

- ☐ Bootstrap.ini
- ☐ Config.ini
- ☐ Dockerfile
- ☐ Unattend.txt

Question 79

You have a Scale-Out File Server that has a share named Share1. Share1 contains a virtual disk file named Disk1.vhd.

You plan to create a guest failover cluster.

You need to ensure that you can use the virtual disk as a shared virtual disk for the guest failover cluster.

Which cmdlet should you use?

- ☐ Optimize-VHDSets
- ☐ Set-VHD
- ☐ Convert-VHD
- ☐ Optimize-VHD

Question 80

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016. You install the Docker daemon on Server1. You need to configure the Docker daemon to accept connections only on TCP port 64500.

What should you do?

- ☐ Run the New-NetFirewallRule cmdlet
- ☐ Run the Set-Service Windows PowerShell cmdlet
- ☐ Edit the daemon.json file
- ☐ Edit the configuration json file
- ☐ Modify the routing table on Server1
- ☐ Run the sc control command
- ☐ Run the Set-NetFirewallPortFilter cmdlet

Question 81

You have two servers named Server1 and Server2 that run Windows Server 2016.

Server1 contains a volume named Volume1.

You implement a Storage Replica that replicates the contents of Volume1 from Server1 to Server2.

Server1 fails.

From Server2, you need to ensure that you can access the contents of Volume1.

What should you run?

- ☐ Update-StoragePool
- ☐ Set-SRPartnership
- ☐ vssadmin revert shadow
- ☐ Clear-FileStorageTier

Question 82

You deploy two servers that run Windows Server 2016.

You install the Failover Clustering feature on both servers.

You need to create a workgroup cluster.

What should you do?

- ☐ Configure both of the server to be in a workgroup named Workgroup. Configure the Cluster Service to log on as Network Service. Run the New-Cluster cmdlet and specify an administrative access point of None.
- ☐ Create matching local administrative accounts on both of the servers. Assign the same primary DNS suffix to both of the servers. Run the New-Cluster cmdlet and specify an administrative access point of DNS.
- ☐ Configure both of the server to be in a workgroup named Workgroup. Configure the Cluster Service to log on as Network Service. Run the New-Cluster cmdlet and specify an administrative access point of DNS.
- ☐ Create matching local administrative accounts on both of the servers. Assign the same primary DNS suffix to both of the servers. Run the New-Cluster cmdlet and specify an administrative access point of None

Question 83

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You network contains an Active Directory forest named contoso.com. The forest contains a child domain named eu.contoso.com.

You plan to implement live migration between two Hyper-V hosts that run Windows Server 2016. The hosts are configured as shown in the following table.

Host name	Configuration
Host1	• Is a member of the contoso.com domain • Uses an Intel Xeon processor released in 2012 • Has an external virtual switch named Switch1 • Hosts a virtual machine named VM1 that connects to Switch1
Host2	• Is a member of the eu.contoso.com domain • Uses an Intel Xeon processor released in 2016 • Has an external virtual switch named Switch1

You need to ensure that you can perform a live migration of VM1 from Host1 to Host2.

Solution: You move Host2 to the contoso.com domain.

Does meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
☐ No

Question 84

You have a server named Server1. Server1 contains a drive named D that has Data Deduplication enabled.

You delete 1 TB of files from drive D.

You need to ensure that you can use all the disk space that was used by the deleted files as soon as possible.

What should you run?

- ☐ the BackgroundOptimization task from the Task Scheduler
- ☐ the WeeklyScrubbing task from the Task Scheduler
- ☐ the Start-DedupJob cmdlet and the –Type GarbageCollection parameter
- ☐ the Set-DedupVolume cmdlet
- ☐ the Start-DedupJob cmdlet and the –Type Optimization parameter

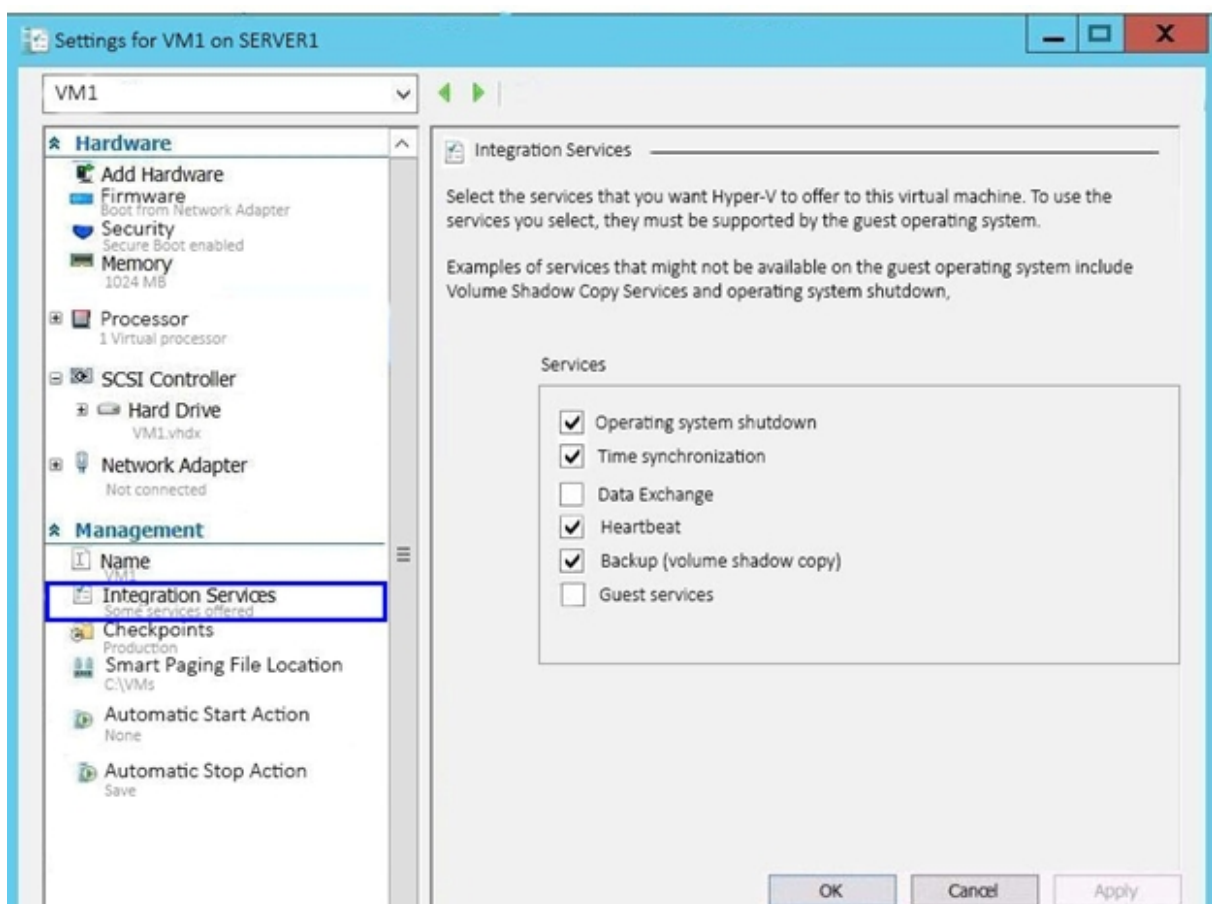
Question 85

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have a Hyper-V host named Server1 that hosts a virtual machine named VM1. Server1 and VM1 run Windows Server 2016.

The settings for VM1 are configured as shown in the exhibit. (Click the Exhibit button.)



You need to ensure that you can use the Copy-VMFile cmdlet on Server1 to copy files from VM1.

Solution: You connect VM1 to an internal virtual switch.

Does this meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No

Question 86

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016.

Server1 has four SCSI disks and a storage pool named Pool1 that contains three disks.

You create a virtual disk named Disk 1 that uses a mirrored layout.

You create a partition named Partition1 that uses all of the available space on Disk 1.

You need to extend Partition1.

What should you do first?

- ☐ From Windows PowerShell, run the Resize-VirtualDisk cmdlet.
- ☐ From Windows PowerShell, run the Resize-VHD cmdlet.
- ☐ From Disk Management, modify the properties of Partition1.
- ☐ From Windows PowerShell, run the Resize-Partition cmdlet.
- ☐ From Windows PowerShell, run the Resize-StorageTier cmdlet.
- ☐ From Disk Management, extend a volume.
- ☐ From Windows PowerShell, run the Expand-IscsiVirtualDisk cmdlet.

Question 87

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After your answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it.

As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016.

You plan to use Windows Server Backup to back up all of the data on Server1.

You create a new volume on Server1.

You need to ensure that the new volume can be used as a backup target.

The backup target must support incremental backups.

Solution: You mount the volume to C:\Backup, and you format the volume by using NTFS.

Does this meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No

Question 88

Your network contains an Active Directory domain. The domain contains a new file server named Server1 that runs a Server Core installation of Windows Server 2016.

Server1 has an ReFS-formatted volume D: and NTFS-formatted volume E:. The volumes do not contain any data.

You install the Data Deduplication role service on Server1.

You need to implement Data Deduplication for volumes on D: and E:.

Solution: From Windows PowerShell, you run Format-Volume D: -FileSystem EXFat and Enable-DeDupVolume -Volume D:,E:.

Does this meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No

Question 89

You have two servers named Server1 and Server2 that run Windows Server 2016.

You plan to implement Storage Replica to replicate the contents of volumes on Server1 to Server2.

You need to ensure that the replication traffic between the servers is limited to a maximum of 100 Mbps.

Which cmdlet should you run?

- ☐ New-NetQosPolicy
- ☐ Set-NetworkController
- ☐ New-NetTransportFilter
- ☐ New-StorageQosPolicy
- ☐ Set-NetTCPSetting
- ☐ Set-NetUDPSetting

Question 90

You have a Network Load Balancing (NLB) cluster that contains two nodes named Server1 and Server2. The nodes run Windows Server 2016.

The NLB cluster has the following configuration.

```
ClusterName      :
IPAddress        : 172.16.4.1
Name             :
ClusterIPAddress : 172.16.4.1
ClusterNetworkMask : 255.255.0.0
ClusterMacAddress : 02-bf-ac-10-04-01
OperationMode    : UNICAST
BdaReverseHash   : False
BdaTeamActive    : False
BdaTeamId        :
BdaTeamMaster    : False
```

IPAddress	State	Start	End	Protocol	Mode	Affinity	Timeout
-----	----	-----	----	-----	----	-----	-----
All	Enabled	0	65535	Both	Multiple	Single	0

You deploy the Web Server (IIS) server role identically to both servers.

You need to configure NLB to load balance requests between the web servers. HTTP requests must be stateless. HTTPS requests must be stateful.

What should you do? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

- ☐ Modify the Cluster operation mode.
- ☐ Suspend the cluster.
- ☐ Drainstop the cluster.
- ☐ Add a new port rule.
- ☐ Edit the existing port rule.

Question 91

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that use the same similar answer choices. An answer choice may be correct for more than one question in the series. Each question is independent of the other questions in this series. Information and details provided in a question apply only to that question.

You have a two-node Hyper-V cluster named Cluster1.

As virtual machine named VM1 runs on Cluster1. You need to configure monitoring of VM1.

The solution must move VM1 to a different node if the Print Spooler service on VM1 stops unexpectedly.

Which tool should you use?

- ☐ the clussvc.exe command
- ☐ the cluster.exe command
- ☐ the Computer Management console
- ☐ the configurehyperv.exe command
- ☐ the Disk Management console
- ☐ the Failover Cluster Manager console
- ☐ the Hyper-V Manager console
- ☐ the Server Manager app

Question 92

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You network contains an Active Directory forest named contoso.com. The forest contains a child domain named eu.contoso.com.

You plan to implement live migration between two Hyper-V hosts that run Windows Server 2016. The hosts are configured as shown in the following table.

Host name	Configuration
Host1	• Is a member of the contoso.com domain • Uses an Intel Xeon processor released in 2012 • Has an external virtual switch named Switch1 • Hosts a virtual machine named VM1 that connects to Switch1
Host2	• Is a member of the eu.contoso.com domain • Uses an Intel Xeon processor released in 2016 • Has an external virtual switch named Switch1

You need to ensure that you can perform a live migration of VM1 from Host1 to Host2.

Solution: You shut down VM1, configure the processor compatibility settings, and then start VM1.

Does meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
☐ No

Question 93

You have an Active Directory domain named Contoso.com. The domain contains servers named Server1 and Server2 that run Windows Server 2016. You install the Remote Access server role on Server1. You install the Network Policy and Access Services server role on Server2. You need to configure Server1 to use Server2 as a RADIUS server. What should you do?

- ☐ From Routing and Remote Access, configure the authentication provider.
☐ From the Connection Manager Administration Kit, create a Connection Manager profile.
☐ From Server Manager, create an Access Policy.
☐ From Active Directory Users and Computers, modify the Delegation settings of the Server1 computer account.

Question 94

Your network contains an Active Directory domain named contoso.com. The domain contains a Hyper-V host named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016.

Server1 hosts four virtual machines that are members of the domain. The virtual machines are configured as shown in the following table.

Virtual machine name	Operating system	Virtual machine generation	Type of VHD file
VM1	Windows 10	2	VHD
VM2	Windows Server 2016	2	VHD
VM3	Windows Server 2012 R2	2	VHDx
VM4	Windows Server 2016	1	VHDx

Which virtual machines can you manage by using PowerShell Direct?

- ☐ VM1, VM2, and VM3
- ☐ VM1, VM2, and VM4
- ☐ only VM2
- ☐ only VM4

Question 95

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that use the same or similar answer choices. An answer choice may be correct for more than one question in the series. Each question is independent of the other questions in this series. Information and details provided in a question apply only to that question.

You have two servers named Server1 and Server2 that run Windows Server 2016. Server1 and Server2 have the Hyper-V server role installed and are nodes in a failover cluster.

On Server1, an administrator creates a virtual machine named VM1.

You need to configure VM1 for high availability.

Which tool should you use?

- ☐ the clussvc.exe command
- ☐ the cluster.exe command
- ☐ the Computer Management snap-in
- ☐ the configurehyperv.exe command
- ☐ the Disk Management snap-in
- ☐ the Failover Cluster Manager snap-in
- ☐ the Hyper-V Manager snap-in
- ☐ the Server Manager app

Question 96

Your network contains an Active Directory forest named contoso.com.

The forest contains a member server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016. Server1 is located in the perimeter network.

You install the Active Directory Federation Services server role on Server1. You create an Active Directory Federation Services (ADFS) farm by using a certificate that has a subject name of sts.contoso.com.

You need to enable certificate authentication from the Internet on Server1.

Which two inbound TCP ports should you open on the firewall? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

- ☐ 389
- ☐ 443
- ☐ 3389
- ☐ 8531
- ☐ 49443

Question 97

You deploy a Hyper-V server named Served in an isolated test environment. The test environment is prevented from accessing the Internet. Server1 runs the Datacenter edition of Windows Server 2016. You plan to deploy the following guest virtual machines on the server:

Quantity	Operating system	Domain member
10	Windows Server 2012 R2	Yes
4	Windows Server 2016	No
5	Windows Server 2016	Yes

Which activation model should you use for the virtual machines?

- ☐ Multiple Activation Key (MAK)
- ☐ Automatic Virtual Machine Activation (AVMA)
- ☐ Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) key
- ☐ Key Management Service (KMS)

Question 98

DRAG DROP

You have a Hyper-V host named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016.

Server 1 hosts a virtual machine named VM1 that runs Windows Server 2016.

Server1 has a USB 3.0 device attached to a PCI Express (PCIe) bus.

You need to provide VM1 with pass-through access to the USB 3.0 device.

Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Actions	Answer Area
On Server1, run the Dismount-VMHostAssignableDevice cmdlet.	1
On Server1, run the Add-VMAssignableDevice cmdlet	2
On Server1, run the Disable-PnPDevice cmdlet	3
On VM1, run the Enable-PnPDevice cmdlet	
On VM1, ran the Mount-VMHostAssignable Device cmdlet	

Question 99

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016.

Server1 hosts a line-of-business application named App1. App1 has a memory leak that occasionally causes the application to consume an excessive amount of memory.

You need to log an event in the Application event log whenever App1 consumes more than 4 GB of memory.

Solution: You create an event trace data collector.

Does this meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No

Question 100

Note: In this section, you'll see one or more sets of questions with the same scenario and problem. Each question presents a unique solution to the problem, and you must determine whether the solution meets the stated goals. Any of the solutions might solve the problem. It is also possible that none of the solutions solve the problem.

Once you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution. Determine whether the solution meets the stated goals.

Your network contains an Active Directory domain named contoso.com. The domain contains a DNS server named Server1. All client computers run Windows 10. On Server1, you have the following zone configuration:

ZoneName	ZoneType	IsAutoCreated	IsDsIntegrated	IsReverseLookupZone	IsSign
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
_msdcs.contoso.com	Primary	False	True	False	False
adatum.com	Forwarder	False	False	False	
contoso.com	Primary	False	True	False	False
fabrikam.com	Primary	False	False	False	True
TrustAnchors	Primary	False	True	False	False

You have the following subnets defined on Server1.

Name	IPv4Subnet	IPv6Subnet
-----	-----	-----
Subnet1	(10.0.0.0/24)	
Subnet2	(10.0.1.0/24)	
Subnet3	(192.168.15.0/24)	
Subnet4	(172.16.1.0/24)	

You need to prevent Server1 from resolving queries from DNS clients located on Subnet4. Server1 must resolve queries from all other DNS clients.

Solution: From a Group Policy object (GPO) in the domain, you modify the Network List Manager Policies (NLMP).

Does this meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
☐ No

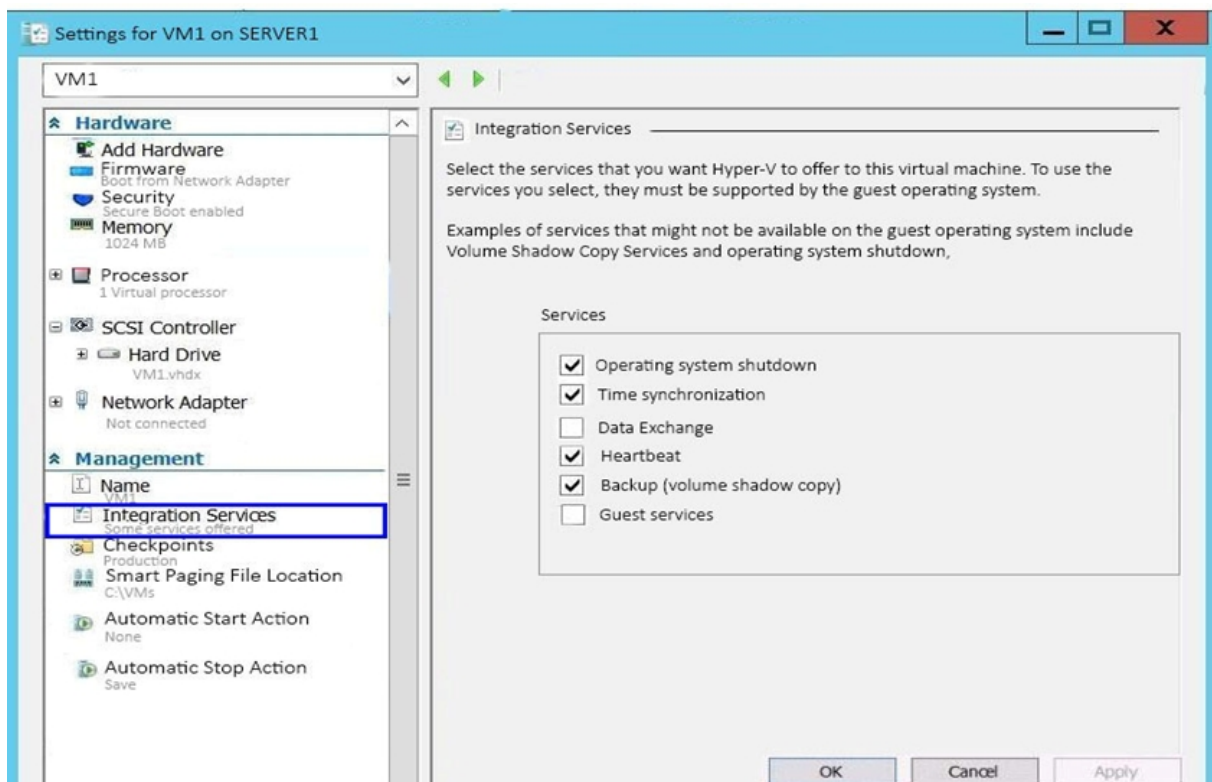
Question 101

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have a Hyper-V host named Server1 that hosts a virtual machine named VM1. Server1 and VM1 run Windows Server 2016.

The settings for VM1 are configured as shown in the exhibit. (Click the Exhibit button.)



You need to ensure that you can use the Copy-VMFile cmdlet on Server1 to copy files from VM1.

Solution: You enable the Guest services integration service for VM1.

Does this meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No

Question 102

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You network contains an Active Directory domain named contoso.com.

You need to create a Nano Server image named Nano1 that will be used as a virtualization host. The Windows Server 2016 source files are located in drive D.

Solution: You run the following cmdlet.

```
New-NanoServerImage -Edition Datacenter -DeploymentType Host -Compute  
-MediaPath 'D:\' -TargetPath C:\Nano1\Nano1.wim -ComputerName Nano1  
-DomainName Contoso.com
```

Does this meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No

Question 103

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After your answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your network contains an Active Directory domain. The domain contains a new file server named Server1 that runs a Server Core installation of Windows Server 2016.

Server1 has an ReFS-formatted volume D: and NTFS-formatted volume E: The volumes do not contain any data.

You install the Data Deduplication role service on Server1.

You need to implement Data Deduplication for volumes on D: and E:.

Solution: From Windows PowerShell, you run Format-Volume D: -FileSystem NTFS and Enable-DeDupVolume -Volume D:,E:.

Does this meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No

Question 104

HOTSPOT

You deploy a new Hyper-V host named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016.

You implement receive side scaling (RSS) on Server1. The chipset on Server1 does not support NetDMA.

All of the equipment on your network supports 10-Gbps connectivity.

On Server1, you deploy a virtual machine named VM1. You configure VM1 to aggregate all of the Windows and non-Windows log files for all of the servers on the network. VM1 has four virtual processors.

You discover that VM1 drops packets.

You monitor the network, and you discover that the network capacity is sufficient for the monitoring traffic.

You monitor the performance of VM1, and you discover that one processor is consistently at 100 percent utilization, while the other processors are barely in use.

You need to resolve the performance issue.

What should you do? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

Answer Area

First action:

	▼
Enable TCP Chimney Offload on Server1	
Enable single root I/O virtualization (SR-IOV) on VM1	
Enable virtual machine queue (VMQ) on Server1 and VM1	

Second action:

	▼
Enable virtual TCP Chimney Offload on VM1	
Enable virtual Receive-side Scaling (vRSS) on VM1	
Enable single root I/O virtualization (SR-IOV) on Server1	

Question 105

You have an Active Directory domain named Contoso.com. The domain contains servers named Server1, Server2 and Server3 that run Windows Server 2016.

Server1 and Server 2 are nodes in a Hyper-V cluster named Cluster1. You add a Hyper-V Replica Broker role named Broker1 to Cluster1.

Server3 is Hyper-V server. A virtual machine VM1 runs on Server3.

Live Migration is enabled on all three servers and it is configured to use Kerberos authentication only.

You need to ensure that you can perform the migration of VM1 to Server2.

What should you do?

- ☐ Modify the Storage Migration settings on Server3.
- ☐ Modify the Cluster permissions for Cluster1.
- ☐ Add the Server3 computer account to the Replicator group on Server1 and Server2.
- ☐ Modify the Delegation settings of the Server3 computer account.

Question 106

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016.

You need to configure Server1 as a Web Application Proxy.

Which server role or role service should you install on Server1?

- ☐ Web Server (IIS)
- ☐ Network Policy and Access Services
- ☐ Direct Access and VPN (RAS)
- ☐ Active Directory Federation Services
- ☐ Remote Access

Question 107

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that use the same or similar answer choices. An answer choice may be correct for more than one question in the series. Each question is independent of the other questions in this series. Information and details provided in a question apply only to that question.

You have a two-node Hyper-V cluster named Cluster1 at a primary location and a stand-alone Hyper-V host named Server1 at a secondary location.

A virtual machine named VM1 runs on Cluster1.

You configure a Hyper-V Replica of VM1 to Server1.

You need to perform a Test Failover of VM1.

Which tool should you use?

- ☐ the clussvc.exe command
- ☐ the cluster.exe command
- ☐ the Computer Management snap-in
- ☐ the configurehyperv.exe command
- ☐ the Disk Management snap-in
- ☐ the Failover Cluster Manager snap-in
- ☐ the Hyper-V Manager snap-in
- ☐ the Server Manager app

Question 108

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016.

Server1 hosts a line-of-business application named App1. App1 has a memory leak that occasionally causes the application to consume an excessive amount of memory.

You need to log an event in the Application event log whenever App1 consumes more than 4 GB of memory.

Solution: You create a performance counter data collector.

Does this meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No

Question 109

You have three Hyper-V hosts named Server1, Server2, and Server3 that run Windows Server 2016. The servers are nodes in a failover cluster.

The failover cluster contains two virtual machines named VM1 and VM2. The roles for VM1 and VM2 have the following configurations.

```
PS C:\> Get-ClusterGroup vml,vm2 | fl *
```

AntiAffinityClassNames	: {}
AutoFailbackType	: 0
ColdStartSetting	: 0
Cluster	: Cluster1
DefaultOwner	: 1
Description	:
GroupType	: VirtualMachine
FailoverPeriod	: 6
FailoverThreshold	: 4294967295
FailbackWindowEnd	: 4294967295
FailbackWindowStart	: 4294967295
IsCoreGroup	: False
Name	: vml
OwnerNode	: Server1
PersistentState	: 1
PreferredSite	: {}
Priority	: 0
ReliliencyPeriod	: 429467295
State	: Online
StatusInformation	: 0
Id	: d02c87d1-8alc-4ffb-b87d-adf059416f25

AntiAffinityClassNames	: {}
AutoFailbackType	: 0
ColdStartSetting	: 0
Cluster	: Cluster1
DefaultOwner	: 1
Description	:
GroupType	: VirtualMachine
FailoverPeriod	: 6
FailoverThreshold	: 4294967295
FailbackWindowEnd	: 4294967295
FailbackWindowStart	: 4294967295
IsCoreGroup	: False
Name	: vm2
OwnerNode	: Server1
PersistentState	: 1
PreferredSite	: {}
Priority	: 3000
ResiliencyPeriod	: 4294967295
State	: Online
StatusInformation	: 0
Id	: ab38e657-bfcf-463d-a88b-d4e99aff4ef1

All of the nodes in the failover cluster have sufficient resources to run VM1 and VM2 concurrently.

VM1 and VM2 fail over to Server3.

What is the state of each virtual machine after the failover?

- ☐ Both VM1 and VM2 are stopped.
- ☐ Both VM1 and VM2 are running.
- ☐ VM1 is stopped and VM2 is running.
- ☐ VM1 is stopped and VM2 is paused.

Question 110

You have a Nano Server named Nano1. Which cmdlet should you use to identify whether the DNS Server role is installed on Nano1?

- ☐ Find-NanoServerPackage
- ☐ Get-Package
- ☐ Find-Package
- ☐ Get-WindowsOptionalFeature

Question 111

You plan to deploy three servers that will run Windows Server 2016. The servers will be configured as shown in the following table.

Server name	Hard disk configuration
Server1	Disk1: 250-GB, NTFS-formatted Disk2: 4-TB, ReFS-formatted
Server2	Disk1: 1-TB, NTFS-formatted Disk2: 2-TB, NTFS-formatted Disk3: 500-GB, exFAT-formatted
Server3	Disk1: 8-TB, NTFS-formatted Disk2: 2-TB, ReFS-formatted Disk3: 1-TB, ReFS-formatted

You need to ensure that you can use all of the available space on each disk.

What is one of the disks that you must initialize as a GPT disk?

- ☐ Disk2 on Server1
- ☐ Disk1 on Server2
- ☐ Disk1 on Server1
- ☐ Disk3 on Server3
- ☐ Disk2 on Server2
- ☐ Disk2 on Server3

Question 112

Your network contains an Active Directory domain named contoso.com. The domain contains two servers named Server1 and Server2 that run Windows Server 2016.

Each server has an operating system disk and four data disks. All of the disks are locally attached SATA disks. Each disk is a basic disk, is initialized as an MBR disk, and has a single NTFS volume.

You plan to implement Storage Spaces Direct by using the data disks on Server1 and Server2.

You need to prepare the data disks for the Storage Spaces Direct implementation.

What should you do?

- ☐ Format the volumes on the data disks as exFAT.
- ☐ Initialize the data disks as GPT disks and create an ReFS volume on each disk.
- ☐ Convert the data disks to dynamic disks.
- ☐ Delete the volumes from the data disks.

Question 113

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016. Server1 has two network adapters that support single root I/O virtualization (SR-IOV). The network adapters are from two different vendors.

You plan to install the Hyper-V server role on Server1, and then to create a virtual machine named VM1 that runs Windows Server 2016. VM1 will use SR-IOV.

You need to ensure that VM1 can use both network adapters for load balancing and failover.

What should you do?

- ☐ On Server1, create two virtual switches without embedded teaming. On VM1, create one NIC team.
- ☐ On Server1, create one virtual switch without embedded teaming. On VM1, create one NIC team.
- ☐ On Server1, create one NIC team. On VM1, create one NIC team.
- ☐ On Server1, create one virtual switch that has embedded teaming. On VM1, create two NIC teams.

Question 114

You have a five-node failover cluster named Cluster1. All the nodes run Windows Server 2012 R2. All the nodes run on physical hardware.

You need to upgrade Cluster1 to Windows Server 2016. The solution must minimize administrative effort and costs.

What should you do first?

- ☐ Add a Windows Server 2016 node to Cluster1
- ☐ Create a new Windows Server 2016 failover cluster
- ☐ Enable Cluster-Aware updating (CAU) on Cluster1
- ☐ Drain and evict a node from Cluster1

Question 115

Note: In this section, you'll see one or more sets of questions with the same scenario and problem. Each question presents a unique solution to the problem, and you must determine whether the solution meets the stated goals. Any of the solutions might solve the problem. It is also possible that none of the solutions solve the problem.

Once you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution. Determine whether the solution meets the stated goals.

Your network contains an Active Directory domain named contoso.com. The domain contains a DNS server named Server1. All client computers run Windows 10. On Server1, you have the following zone configuration:

ZoneName	ZoneType	IsAutoCreated	IsDsIntegrated	IsReverseLookupZone	IsSign
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
_msdcs.contoso.com	Primary	False	True	False	False
adatum.com	Forwarder	False	False	False	False
contoso.com	Primary	False	True	False	False
fabrikam.com	Primary	False	False	False	True
TrustAnchors	Primary	False	True	False	False

You have the following subnets defined on Server1.

Name	IPv4Subnet	IPv6Subnet
-----	-----	-----
Subnet1	(10.0.0.0/24)	
Subnet2	(10.0.1.0/24)	
Subnet3	(192.168.15.0/24)	
Subnet4	(172.16.1.0/24)	

You need to prevent Server1 from resolving queries from DNS clients located on Subnet4. Server1 must resolve queries from all other DNS clients.

Solution: From Windows PowerShell on Server1, you run the Export-DnsServerDnsSecPublicKey cmdlet.

Does this meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
☐ No

Question 116

You have a Hyper-V host named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016.

Server1 has a virtual machine named VM1. VM1 is configured to run the Docker daemon.

On VM1, you have a container network that uses transparent mode.

You need to ensure that containers that run on VM1 can obtain IP addresses from DHCP.

What should you do?

- ☐ On VM1, run `Get-VMNetworkAdapter-VMName VM1 | Set-VMNetworkAdapter -MacAddressSpoofing On`.
- ☐ On VM1, run `docker network connect`.
- ☐ On Server1, run `docker network connect`.
- ☐ On Server1, run `Get-VMNetworkAdapter -VMName VM1 | Set-VMNetworkAdapter -MacAddressSpoofing On`.

Question 117

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that use the same scenario. For your convenience, the scenario is repeated in each question. Each question presents a different goal and answer choices, but the text of the scenario is exactly the same in each question in this series.

A company named Contoso, Ltd. has several servers that run Windows Server 2016. Contoso has a Hyper-V environment that uses failover clustering and Windows Server Update Services (WSUS). The environment contains several Windows containers and several virtual machines.

The WSUS deployment contains one upstream server that is located on the company's perimeter network and several downstream servers located on the internal network. A firewall separates the upstream server from the downstream servers.

You plan to deploy a human resources application to a new server named HRServer5. HRServer5 contains a FAT32-formatted data volume.

The CIO of Contoso identifies the following requirements for the company's IT department:

- Deploy a failover cluster to two new virtual machines.
- Store all application databases by using Encrypted File System (EFS).
- Ensure that each Windows container has a dedicated IP address assigned by a DHCP server.
- Produce a report that lists the processor time used by all of the processes on a server named Server1 for five hours.
- Encrypt all communication between the internal network and the perimeter network, including all WSUS communications.
- Automatically load balance the virtual machines hosted in the Hyper-V cluster when processor utilization exceeds 70 percent.

What should you do to prepare the data volume on HRServer5 to store the databases required for the human resources application?

- ☐ Format the data volume by using ReFS.
- ☐ Enable Trusted Platform Module (TPM) on HRServer5.
- ☐ Format the data volume by using NTFS.
- ☐ Enable BitLocker Drive Encryption (BitLocker) on the data volume.

Question 118

You have a Hyper-V host named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016. Server1 hosts a virtual machine named VM1. VM1 has the following settings:

Nested virtualization is enabled.

Dynamic Memory is disabled.

VM1 is currently running.

You need to adjust the amount of memory assigned to VM1 as quickly as possible.

What should you do first?

- ☐ Change the memory buffer setting of VM1.
- ☐ Pause VM1.
- ☐ Shut down VM1.
- ☐ Enable Dynamic Memory for VM1.

Question 119

Note: In this section, you'll see one or more sets of questions with the same scenario and problem. Each question presents a unique solution to the problem, and you must determine whether the solution meets the stated goals. Any of the solutions might solve the problem. It is also possible that none of the solutions solve the problem.

Once you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution. Determine whether the solution meets the stated goals.

Your network contains an Active Directory forest named contoso.com. The forest contains a member server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016. All domain controllers run Windows Server 2012 R2. Contoso.com has the following configuration:

```
PS C:\> (Get-ADForest). ForestMode Windows2008R2Forest
PS C:\> (Get-ADDomain). DomainMode Windows2008R2Domain
PS C:\>
```

You plan to deploy an Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS) farm on Server1 and to configure device registration. You need to configure Active Directory to support the planned deployment.

Solution: You upgrade a domain controller to Windows Server 2016.

Does this meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No

Question 120

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016.

You need to install the DNS Server role on Server1.

What should you run?

- ☐ the Add-WindowsPackage cmdlet
- ☐ the dnscmd.exe command
- ☐ the optionalfeatures.exe command
- ☐ the Add-WindowsFeature cmdlet
- ☐ the dnscmd.exe command
- ☐ the dns.exe command

Question 121

You are configuring a Windows Server 2016 failover cluster in a workgroup. Before installing one of the nodes, you run the `ipconfig /all` command and receive the following output:

Windows IP Configuration

```
Host Name..... : Server1
Primary DNS Suffix..... :
Node Type..... : Hybrid
IP Routing Enabled..... : No
WINS Proxy Enabled..... : No
DNS Suffix Search List..... :
```

Ethernet adapter Ethernet:

```
Connection-specific DNS Suffix.. :
Description..... : Microsoft Hyper-V Network Adapter
Physical Address..... : 00-15-SD-01-62-17
DHCP Enabled..... : Yes
Autoconfiguration Enabled..... : Yes
Link-local IPv6 Address..... : fe80::7548:46d8:8ffc:d5ab%17 (Preferred)
IPv4 Address..... : 192.168.1.154 (Preferred)
Subnet Mask..... : 255.255.255.0
Default Gateway..... : 192.168.1.10
DHCPv6 IAID..... : 369099429
DHCPv6 Client DUID..... : 00-01-00-01-1A-1D-5D-60-00-02-A5-4E-F4-85
DNS Servers..... : 192.168.1.32
NetBIOS over TCP/IP..... : Disabled
```

You need to ensure that Server1 can be added as a node in the cluster. What should you do?

- ☐ Assign a static IP address
- ☐ Change the Node Type to Broadcast
- ☐ Configure a DNS suffix
- ☐ Enable NetBIOS over TCP/IP

Question 122

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that use the same similar answer choices. An answer choice may be correct for more than one question in the series. Each question is independent of the other questions in this series. Information and details provided in a question apply only to that question.

You have an Active Directory domain that contains two Hyper-V servers named Server1 and Server2. Server1 has Windows Server 2016 installed. Server2 has Windows Server 2012 R2 installed. Each Hyper-V server has three network cards. Each network card is connected to a different subnet. Server1 contains a dedicated migration network. Server2 contains a virtual machine named VM5.

You plan to perform a live migration of VM5 to Server1. You need to ensure that Server1 uses all available networks to perform the live migration of VM5.

What should you run?

- ☐ the Mount-VHD cmdlet
- ☐ the Diskpart command
- ☐ the Set-VHD cmdlet
- ☐ the Set-VM cmdlet
- ☐ the Set-VMHost cmdlet
- ☐ the Set-VMProcessor cmdlet
- ☐ the Install-WindowsFeature cmdlet
- ☐ the Optimize-VHD cmdlet

Question 123

You have two servers that run Windows Server 2016. The servers are configured as shown in the following table.

Server name	Workgroup	DNS suffix
Server1	Workgroup1	<i>None</i>
Server2	Workgroup2	Contoso.com

You need to create a failover cluster that contains both servers.

Which two commands should you run? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- ☐ wmic ComputerSystem Set Workgroup= "Workgroup2"
- ☐ New-Cluster-Name Cluster1- Node Server1, Server2- AdministrativeAccessPoint DNS
- ☐ New-Cluster-Name Cluster1- Node Server1, Server2- AdministrativeAccessPoint ActiveDirectoryAndDns
- ☐ New-Cluster-Name Cluster1- Node Server1, Server2- AdministrativeAccessPoint None
- ☐ netdom computername Server1/MakePrimary:server1.contoso.com

Question 124

You have a Hyper-V server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2012 R2.

Server1 hosts a virtual machine named VM1 that runs Windows Server 2016. VM1 connects to an external virtual switch named Switch1.

You can ping VM1 from Server1.

You upgrade Server1 to Windows Server 2016.

You need to ensure that you can connect to VM1 by using PowerShell Direct.

What should you do?

- ☐ Configure the firewall rules on Server1.
- ☐ Enable the Hyper-V extensible switch extensions on Server1.
- ☐ Upgrade the configuration version of VM1.
- ☐ Configure the firewall rules on VM1.

Question 125

You have a Hyper-V host named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016. Server1 hosts a virtual machine named VM1. VM1 is in a workgroup. VM1 is currently in a running state.

You need to create 10 copies of VM1 on Server1 in the least amount of time possible.

Which cmdlets should you use?

- ☐ Stop-VM, and then Import-VM
- ☐ Export-VM, and then Import-VM
- ☐ Checkpoint-VM, and then New-VM
- ☐ Copy-VMFile, and then New-VM

Question 126

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You network contains an Active Directory forest named contoso.com. The forest contains a child domain named eu.contoso.com.

You plan to implement live migration between two Hyper-V hosts that run Windows Server 2016. The hosts are configured as shown in the following table.

Host name	Configuration
Host1	• Is a member of the contoso.com domain • Uses an Intel Xeon processor released in 2012 • Has an external virtual switch named Switch1 • Hosts a virtual machine named VM1 that connects to Switch1
Host2	• Is a member of the eu.contoso.com domain • Uses an Intel Xeon processor released in 2016 • Has an external virtual switch named Switch1

You need to ensure that you can perform a live migration of VM1 from Host1 to Host2.

Solution: On Host1 and Host2, you create a private switch named Priv1, and then you connect VM1 to Priv1.

Does meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
☐ No

Question 127

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your network contains an Active Directory domain named contoso.com.

You need to create a Nano Server image named Nano1 that will be used as a virtualization host. The Windows Server 2016 source files are located in drive D.

Solution: You run the following cmdlet.

```
New-NanoServerImage -Edition Datacenter -DeploymentType Host -Package Microsoft-NanoServer-Compute-Package -MediaPath 'D:\' -TargetPath C:\Nano1\Nano1.wim -ComputerName Nano1 -DomainName Contoso.com
```

Does this meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No

Question 128

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016.

You need to install the DNS Server role on Server1.

What should you run?

- ☐ the dnscmd.exe command
- ☐ the Enable-WindowsOptionalFeature cmdlet
- ☐ the dns.exe command
- ☐ the setup.exe command
- ☐ the Install-Package cmdlet
- ☐ the optionalfeatures.exe command

Question 129

You have three servers named Server1, Server2, and Server3. The servers are members of a Network Load Balancing (NLB) cluster named Cluster1.

You need to configure the handling priority for the traffic on port 443.

What should you do in Network Load Balancing Manager?

- ☐ From the cluster properties, configure the host priority
- ☐ From the host properties, configure the Filtering mode of a port rule
- ☐ From the host properties, configure the host priority
- ☐ From the cluster properties, configure the Filtering mode of a port rule

Question 130

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that use the same or similar answer choices. An answer choice may be correct for more than one question in the series. Each question is independent of the other questions in this series. Information and details provided in a question apply only to that question.

You have a Hyper-V host named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016. Server1 has a virtual machine named VM1 that uses a single VHDX file. VM1 is configured as shown in the following table.

Configuration	Details
Virtual machine generation	V2
Operating system	Windows 8
File system	NTFS
Number of partitions	1
Disk type	Basic
Unallocated disk space	100 GB

You plan to use VM1 as a virtual Machine Template to deploy shielded virtual machines.

You need to ensure that VM1 can be used to deploy shielded virtual machines.

What should you run?

- ☐ the Mount-VHD cmdlet
- ☐ the Diskpart command
- ☐ the Set-VHD cmdlet
- ☐ the Set-VM cmdlet
- ☐ the Set-VMHost cmdlet
- ☐ the Set-VMProcessor cmdlet
- ☐ the Install-WindowsFeature cmdlet
- ☐ the Optimize-VHD cmdlet

Question 131

HOTSPOT

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that use the same scenario. For your convenience, the scenario is repeated in each question. Each question presents a different goal and answer choices, but the text of the scenario is exactly the same in each question in this series.

A company named Contoso, Ltd. has several servers that run Windows Server 2016. Contoso has a Hyper-V environment that uses failover clustering and Windows Server Update Services (WSUS). The environment contains several Windows containers and several virtual machines.

The WSUS deployment contains one upstream server that is located on the company's perimeter network and several downstream servers located on the internal network. A firewall separates the upstream server from the downstream servers.

You plan to deploy a human resources application to a new server named HRServer5. HRServer5 contains a FAT32-formatted data volume.

The CIO of Contoso identifies the following requirements for the company's IT department:

- Deploy a failover cluster to two new virtual machines.
- Store all application databases by using Encrypted File System (EFS).
- Ensure that each Windows container has a dedicated IP address assigned by a DHCP server.
- Produce a report that lists the processor time used by all of the processes on a server named Server1 for five hours.
- Encrypt all communication between the internal network and the perimeter network, including all WSUS communications.
- Automatically load balance the virtual machines hosted in the Hyper-V cluster when processor utilization exceeds 70 percent.

You need to create a Data Collector Set to meet the requirement for the processor time report.

What command should you run to create the Data Collector Set? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

Answer Area

lodctr logman perform tracert	create	alert config counter trace	perf_log -c "\\Process(_Total)\\% Processor Time" -max 10 -rf 05:00
--	--------	---	---

Question 132

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016. The Docker daemon runs on Server1.

You need to ensure that members of a security group named Docker Administrators can administer Docker.

What should you do?

- ☐ Run the Set-Service cmdlet.
- ☐ Modify the Security settings of Dockerd.exe.
- ☐ Edit the Configuration.json file.
- ☐ Run the sc config command.
- ☐ Run the sc privs command.
- ☐ Add Docker Administrators to the local Administrators group

Question 133

You need to modify the GPO prefix by IPAM. What should you do?

- ☐ Run the Set-IpamConfiguration cmdlet
- ☐ Click Provision the IPAM server in Server Manager
- ☐ Click Configure server discovery in Server Manager
- ☐ Run the Invoke-IpamGpoProvisioning cmdlet

Question 134

You create a Storage Spaces Direct hyper-converged failover cluster. The cluster contains three nodes and a 1-TB Storage Spaces Direct volume.

The cluster will store virtual machines.

You plan to extend the volume by adding an additional 3 TB.

What is the minimum amount of extra disk capacity required to accommodate extending the volume?

- ☐ 3TB on the coordinator node
- ☐ 3 TB per node
- ☐ 4 TB per node
- ☐ 4 TB on the coordinator node

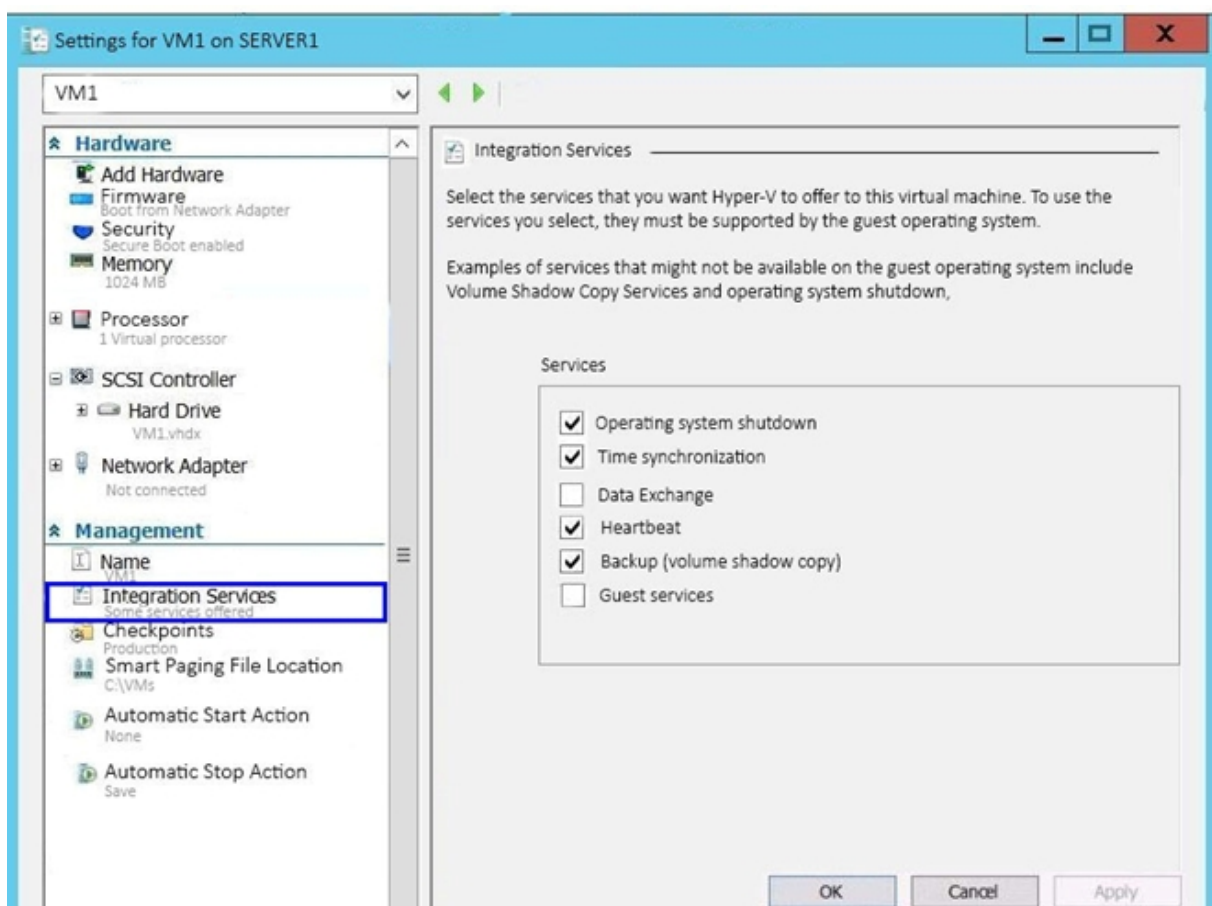
Question 135

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have a Hyper-V host named Server1 that hosts a virtual machine named VM1. Server1 and VM1 run Windows Server 2016.

The settings for VM1 are configured as shown in the exhibit. (Click the Exhibit button.)



You need to ensure that you can use the Copy-VMFile cmdlet on Server1 to copy files from VM1.

Solution: You start the Hyper-V Guest Service Interface service on VM1.

Does this meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No

Question 136

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your network contains an Active Directory forest named contoso.com.

You need to identify which server is the schema master.

Solution: You open Active Directory Users and Computers, right-click contoso.com in the console tree, and then click Operations Master.

Does this meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No

Question 137

Your network contains an on-premises Active Directory domain. The domain contains 25 servers that run Windows Server 2016.

You have a hybrid deployment of Microsoft Azure Active Directory (Azure AD).

You plan to manage the servers by using Windows Admin Center.

You install Windows Admin Center on one of the servers.

You need to ensure that connections to Windows Admin Center are authenticated by using multi-factor authentication (MFA).

What should you do first?

- ☐ Install an extension to Windows Admin Center
- ☐ Configure Allowed groups
- ☐ Register the gateway to Azure AD
- ☐ Import a certificate by using Windows Admin Center

Question 138

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that use the same or similar answer choices. An answer choice may be correct for more than one question in the series. Each question is independent of the other questions in this series. Information and details provided in a question apply only to that question.

You have a Hyper-V host named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016. You plan to deploy several shielded virtual machines on Server1. You deploy a Host Guardian on a new server.

You need to ensure that Server1 can host shielded virtual machines.

What should you run first?

- ☐ the Mount-VHD cmdlet
- ☐ the Diskpart command
- ☐ the Set-VHD cmdlet
- ☐ the Set-VM cmdlet
- ☐ the Set-VMHost cmdlet
- ☐ the Set-VMProcessor cmdlet
- ☐ the Install-WindowsFeature cmdlet
- ☐ the Optimize-VHD cmdlet

Question 139

Your network contains a new Active Directory domain named contoso.com.

You have a security policy that states that new servers should run Nano Server whenever possible.

Which server role can be deployed on a Nano Server?

- ☐ Active Directory Domain Services
- ☐ DHCP Server
- ☐ Network Policy and Access Services
- ☐ Web Server (IIS)
- ☐ Remote Desktop Services
- ☐ Windows Server Update Services

Question 140

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016.

You plan to use Windows Server Backup to back up all of the data on Server1.

You create a new volume on Server1.

You need to ensure that the new volume can be used as a backup target.

The backup target must support incremental backups.

Solution: You assign a drive letter to the volume, and you format the volume by using ReFS.

Does this meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
☐ No

Question 141

You have a Hyper-V host named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016. Server1 contains four virtual machines that are configured as shown in the following table.

Virtual machine name	Configuration
VM1	A shielded virtual machine that runs Windows Server 2012 R2
VM2	A shielded virtual machine that runs Windows Server 2016
VM3	A virtual machine that runs Windows Server 2012 R2 and has Secure Boot enabled
VM4	A virtual machine that runs Windows Server 2016 and has all of its drivers protected by using BitLocker Drive Encryption (BitLocker)

To which virtual machine or machines can you connect by using Virtual Machine Connection from Hyper-V Manager?

- ☐ VM1, VM2, VM3, and VM4
☐ VM4 only
☐ VM1 and VM2 only
☐ VM3 and VM4 only
☐ VM2 only

Question 142

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016.

You need to install the DNS Server role on Server1.

What should you run?

- ☐ the Install-Package cmdlet
- ☐ the Add-WindowsPackage cmdlet
- ☐ the Install-WindowsFeature cmdlet
- ☐ the setup.exe command

Question 143

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016.

The disks on Server1 are configured as shown in the following table.

Volume	Type	File System	Capacity
C:	Attached locally	NTFS	150 GB
D:	Attached locally	exFAT	100 GB
E:	Attached locally	NTFS	20 GB
F:	Attached locally	ReFS	1 TB
G:	iSCSI LUN	NTFS	2 TB

Windows Server 2016 is installed in C:\Windows.

On which two volumes can you enable data deduplication? Each correct answer presents a complete solution.

- ☐ C:
- ☐ D:
- ☐ E:
- ☐ F:
- ☐ G:

Question 144

Note: In this section, you'll see one or more sets of questions with the same scenario and problem. Each question presents a unique solution to the problem, and you must determine whether the solution meets the stated goals. Any of the solutions might solve the problem. It is also possible that none of the solutions solve the problem.

Once you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution. Determine whether the solution meets the stated goals. Your network contains an Active Directory domain named contoso.com. The domain contains a DNS server named Server1. All client computers run Windows 10. On Server1, you have the following zone configuration:

ZoneName	ZoneType	IsAutoCreated	IsDsIntegrated	IsReverseLookupZone	IsSign
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
_msdcs.contoso.com	Primary	False	True	False	False
adatum.com	Forwarder	False	False	False	False
contoso.com	Primary	False	True	False	False
fabrikam.com	Primary	False	False	False	True
TrustAnchors	Primary	False	True	False	False

You have the following subnets defined on Server1.

Name	IPv4Subnet	IPv6Subnet
-----	-----	-----
Subnet1	(10.0.0.0/24)	
Subnet2	(10.0.1.0/24)	
Subnet3	(192.168.15.0/24)	
Subnet4	(172.16.1.0/24)	

You need to prevent Server1 from resolving queries from DNS clients located on Subnet4. Server1 must resolve queries from all other DNS clients.

Solution: From the Security setting of each zone on Server1, you modify the permissions.

Does this meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
☐ No

Question 145

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016.

You install the Server for NFS server role on Server1.

You need to ensure that you can create NFS shares on Server1 by using the NFS Share – Advanced share profile.

Which additional server role should you install?

- ☐ File Server VSS Agent Service
- ☐ Work Folders
- ☐ File Server Resource Manager
- ☐ Print and Document Services

Question 146

Note: In this section, you'll see one or more sets of questions with the same scenario and problem. Each question presents a unique solution to the problem, and you must determine whether the solution meets the stated goals. Any of the solutions might solve the problem. It is also possible that none of the solutions solve the problem.

Once you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution. Determine whether the solution meets the stated goals.

Your network contains an Active Directory forest named contoso.com. The forest contains a member server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016. All domain controllers run Windows Server 2012 R2. Contoso com has the following configuration:

```
PS C:\> (Get-ADForest). ForestMode Windows2008R2Forest
PS C:\> (Get-ADDomain). DomainMode Windows2008R2Domain
PS C:\>
```

You plan to deploy an Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS) farm on Server1 and to configure device registration. You need to configure Active Directory to support the planned deployment.

Solution: You raise the domain functional level to Windows Server 2012 R2.

Does this meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No

Question 147

HOTSPOT

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016. Server1 is a Hyper-V host. You have two network adapter cards on Server1 that are Remote Direct Memory Access (RDMA) - capable.

You need to aggregate the bandwidth of the network adapter cards for a virtual machine on Server1.

The solution must ensure that the virtual machine can use the RDMA capabilities of the network adapter cards.

Which command should you run first? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

Answer Area

▼	-Name Production -NetAdapterName "NIC 1", "NIC 2"	▼	Strue
Add-NetLbfoTeamNic		-EnableEmbeddedTeaming	
Add-VmNetworkAdapter		-EnableIov	
New-NetLbfoTeam		-EnablePacketDirect	
New-VmSwitch			

Question 148

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have two servers that run Windows Server 2016.

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016. Server1 has the Hyper-V server role and Docker installed.

You pull the Microsoft/iis Docker image to Server1.

You need to view the available space in the Microsoft/iis Docker image.

Solution: You run the following commands.

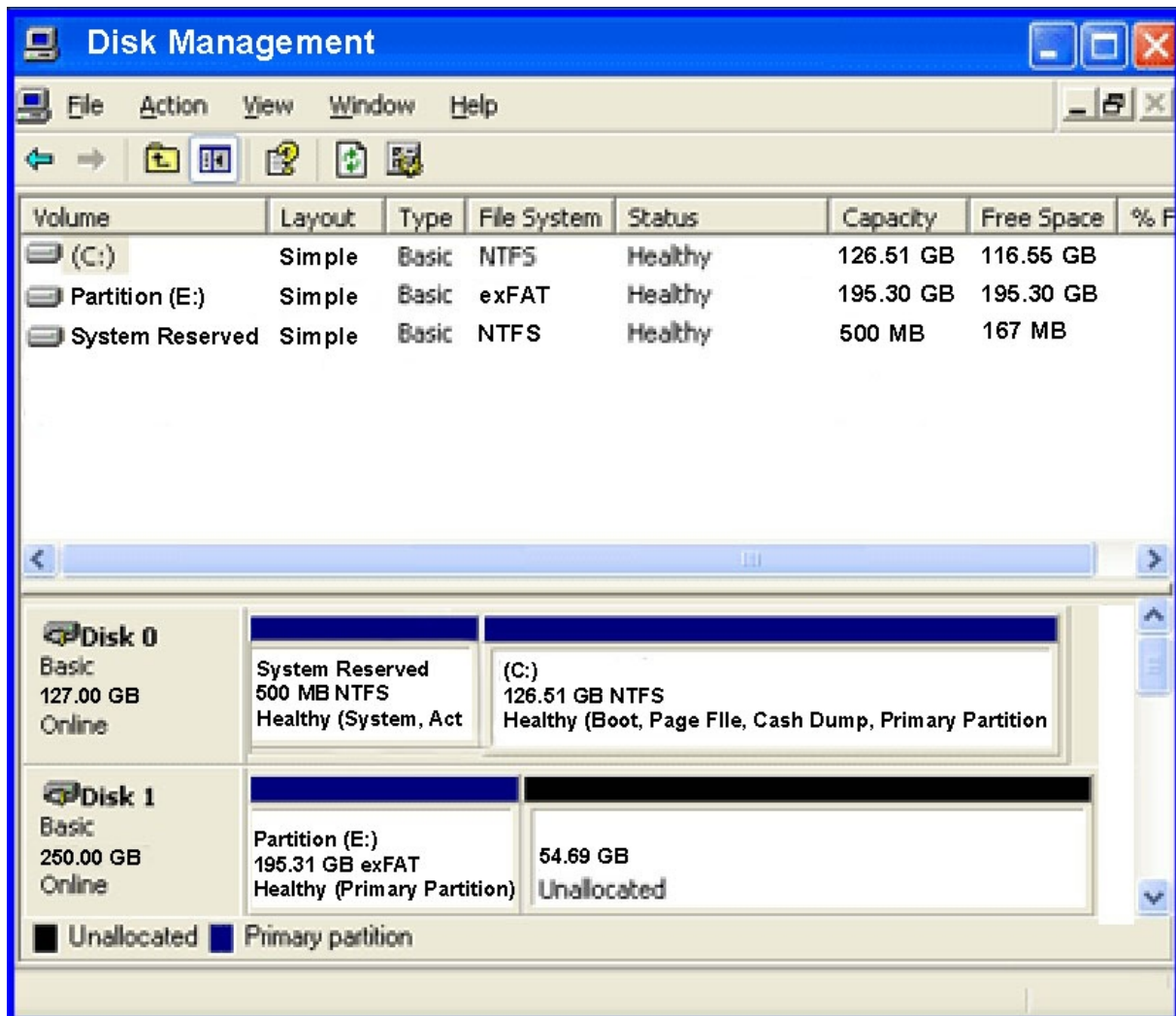
```
docker run --name container1 --isolation hyperv --d Microsoft/iis
docker exec -i container1 cmd.exe
dir
```

Does this meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No

Question 149

You have a server named Server 1 that runs Windows Server 2016. The disk configuration for Server1 is shown in the exhibit:



You add Server1 to a cluster. You need to ensure that you can use Disk1 for Storage Spaces Direct.

- ☐ Delete Partition (E:)
- ☐ Set Disk1 to offline
- ☐ Convert Disk 1 to a dynamic disk
- ☐ Convert Partition (E:) to ReFS

Question 150

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016.

The server has an application named App1. App1 writes entries to the Application event log when errors are encountered. The events have IDs of either 111 or 112.

You need to restart the service whenever either of these events is logged.

What should you do?

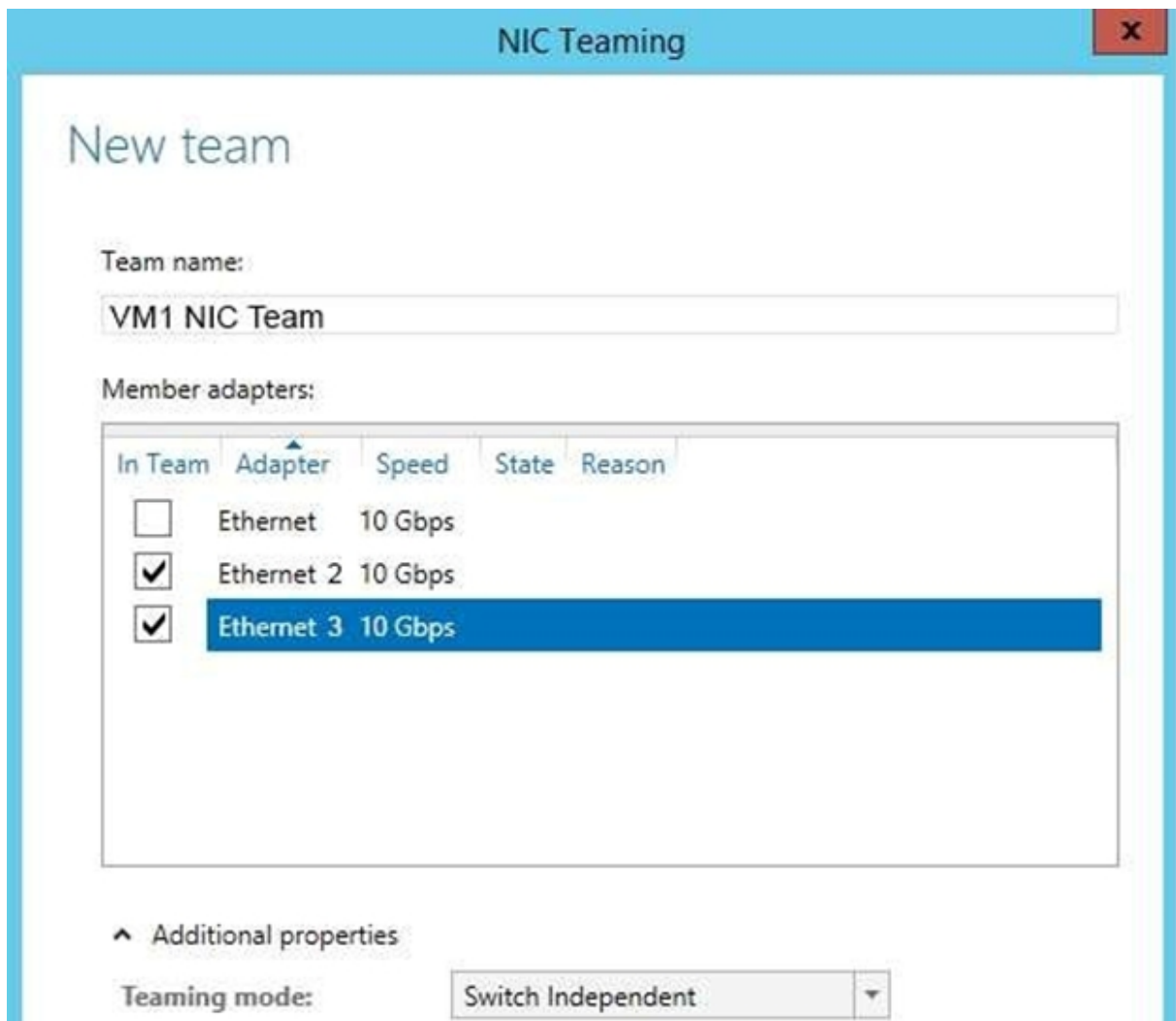
- ☐ From Windows PowerShell, run the Get-SMSEvent cmdlet and pipe the output to the Start-NetEventSession cmdlet.
- ☐ From Event Viewer, create a subscription that has a filter for the event IDs.
- ☐ From Task Scheduler, use Create Task to create one task that includes triggers for both event IDs.
- ☐ From Windows PowerShell, run the Get-Event cmdlet and pipe the output to the Start-NetEventSession cmdlet.

Question 151

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016. Server1 is a Hyper-V host that hosts a virtual machine named VM1.

Server1 has three network adapter cards that are connected to virtual switches named vSwitch1, vSwitch2 and vSwitch3.

You configure NIC Teaming on VM1 as shown in the exhibit.



You need to ensure that VM1 will retain access to the network if a physical adapter card fails on Server1. What should you do?

- ☐ From Hyper-V Manager on Server1, modify the settings of VM1.
- ☐ From Windows PowerShell on Server1, run the Set-VmSwitch cmdlet.
- ☐ From the properties of the NIC team on VM1, add the adapter named Ethernet to the NIC team.
- ☐ From the properties of the NIC team on VM1, change the load balancing of the NIC team.

Question 152

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016. Windows Defender is enabled on Server1.

Server1 runs an application named App1 that stores various types of files in Microsoft OneDrive for Business, MicrosoftOneDrive, and Microsoft SharePoint Online. App1 also interacts with several local services.

You need to prevent Windows Defender from scanning any files opened by App1.

What should you do on Server1?

- ☐ From the Windows Defender settings, configure a file exclusion.
- ☐ Run the New-CiPolicy cmdlet.
- ☐ Modify the real-time protection settings in Windows Defender.
- ☐ From the Windows Defender settings, configure a process exclusion.
- ☐ Run the Set-ExecutionPolicy cmdlet.
- ☐ Run the New-AppLockerPolicy cmdlet.

Question 153

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that use the same or similar answer choices. An answer choice may be correct for more than one question in the series. Each question is independent of the other questions in this series. Information and details provided in a question apply only to that question.

You have three servers named Server1, Server2, and Server3 that run Windows Server 2016.

The servers are configured only with the components listed in the table below:

Server name	Components installed
Server1	Hyper-V server role
Server2	Hyper-V server role
Server3	iSCSI Target Server role service

You need to create a Hyper-V cluster.

Which tool should you use first?

- ☐ the clussvc.exe command
- ☐ the cluster.exe command
- ☐ the Computer Management snap-in
- ☐ the configurehyperv.exe command
- ☐ the Disk Management snap-in
- ☐ the Failover Cluster Manager snap-in
- ☐ the Hyper-V Manager snap-in
- ☐ the Server Manager app

Question 154

You have a Windows Server 2016 Hyper-V failover cluster that contains two nodes named Node1 and Node2.

On Node1, you create a virtual machine named VM01 by using Hyper-V Manager.

You need to configure VM01 to move to Node2 automatically if Node1 becomes unavailable.

What should you do?

- ☐ From Failover Cluster Manager, run Configure Role actions.
- ☐ From Hyper-V Manager, click VM01, and click Enable Replication.
- ☐ From Hyper-V Manager, click Node1, and then modify the Hyper-V settings.
- ☐ From Windows PowerShell, run the Enable-VMReplicationcmdlet.

Question 155

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016. Windows Defender is enabled on Server1.

Server1 runs an application named App1 that stores various types of files in Microsoft OneDrive for Business, MicrosoftOneDrive, and Microsoft SharePoint Online. App1 also interacts with several local services.

You need to prevent Windows Defender from scanning any files opened by App1.

What should you do on Server1?

- ☐ Run the Set-ExecutionPolicy cmdlet.
- ☐ Run the New-AppLockerPolicy cmdlet.
- ☐ Modify the real-time protection settings in Windows Defender.
- ☐ Run the Add-MpPreference cmdlet.
- ☐ Modify the cloud-based protection settings in Windows Defender.
- ☐ Run the New-CiPolicy cmdlet.

Question 156

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016. The Docker daemon runs on Server1.

You need to ensure that members of a security group named Docker Administrators can administer Docker.

What should you do?

- ☐ Run the sc privsc ommand.
- ☐ Edit the Daemon.json file.
- ☐ Add Docker Administrators to the local Administrators group.
- ☐ Edit the Configuration.json file.
- ☐ Modify the Security settings of Docker.exe.
- ☐ Run the Set-Service cmdlet.

Question 157

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that use the same scenario. For your convenience, the scenario is repeated in each question. Each question presents a different goal and answer choices, but the text of the scenario is exactly the same in each question in this series.

Your network contains an Active Directory domain named contoso.com. The functional level of the forest and the domain is Windows Server 2008 R2. All servers in the domain run Windows Server 2016 Standard. The domain contains 300 client computers that run either Windows 8.1 or Windows 10.

The domain contains nine servers that are configured as shown in the following table.

Name	Configuration	Planned changes
Server1	Domain controller	<i>None</i>
Server2	File server	Run Failover Clustering and Storage Spaces Direct
Server3	File server	Run Failover Clustering and Storage Spaces Direct
Server4	Hyper-V host	Run shielded virtual machines
Server5	Hyper-V host	<i>None</i>
Server6	Member server	Run Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS)
VM1	Virtual machine hosted on Server5	<i>None</i>
VM2	Virtual machine hosted on Server5	<i>None</i>
VM3	Virtual machine hosted on Server5	<i>None</i>

The virtual machines are configured as follows:

- Each virtual machine has one virtual network adapter.
- VM1 and VM2 are part of a Network Load Balancing (NLB) cluster.
- All of the servers on the network can communicate with all of the virtual machines.

You need to minimize the likelihood that a virtual machine running malicious code will consume excessive resources on Server5.

What should you do?

- ☐ Configure the virtual machines as shielded virtual machines.
- ☐ Run the Set-VMProcessor cmdlet and specify the EnableHostResourceProtection parameter.
- ☐ Run the Set-VMProcessor cmdlet and specify the MaximumCountPerNumaNode parameter.
- ☐ Configure VM Network Adapter Isolation.

Question 158

Note: In this section, you'll see one or more sets of questions with the same scenario and problem. Each question presents a unique solution to the problem, and you must determine whether the solution meets the stated goals. Any of the solutions might solve the problem. It is also possible that none of the solutions solve the problem.

Once you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution. Determine whether the solution meets the stated goals.

Your network contains an Active Directory forest named contoso.com. The forest contains a member server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016. All domain controllers run Windows Server 2012 R2. Contoso com has the following configuration:

```
PS C:\> (Get-ADForest). ForestMode Windows2008R2Forest
PS C:\> (Get-ADDomain). DomainMode Windows2008R2Domain
PS C:\>
```

You plan to deploy an Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS) farm on Server1 and to configure device registration. You need to configure Active Directory to support the planned deployment.

Solution: You raise the forest functional level to Windows Server 2012 R2.

Does this meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No

Question 159

You have a server that runs Windows Server 2016 Standard.

You create a new three-way mirror storage space. You format the storage space by using ReFS.

Which two features can you use on the new storage space? Each correct answer presents a complete solution.

- ☐ file and folder permissions
- ☐ disk quotas
- ☐ Encrypting File System (EFS)
- ☐ long file names
- ☐ Data Deduplication
- ☐ Shrink volume

Question 160

DRAG DROP

You have a physical server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016.

Server1 is a Hyper-V host. On Server1, you create a virtual machine named VM1 that runs Windows Server 2016.

You plan to install the Hyper-V server role on VM1. You need to ensure that you can configure VM1 to host virtual machines.

How should you complete the Windows PowerShell script? To answer, drag the appropriate values to the correct targets. Each value may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

Values	Answer Area
False	Set-VMProcessor -VMName VM1 -ExposeVirtualizationExtensions Count 2
Null	Set-VMMemory VM1 -DynamicMemoryEnabled
True	Get-VMNetworkAdapter -VMName VM1 Set-VMNetworkAdapter -MacAddressSpoofing on

Question 161

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016.

You plan to use Windows Server Backup to back up all of the data on Server1.

You create a new volume on Server1.

You need to ensure that the new volume can be used as a backup target.

The backup target must support incremental backups.

Solution: You mount the volume to C:\Backup, and you format the volume by using FAT32.

Does this meet the goal?

- ☐ Yes
- ☐ No

Question 162

You have a Hyper-V host that runs Windows Server 2016. The host contains a virtual machine named VM1. VM1 has resource metering enabled.

You need to use resource metering to track the amount of network traffic that VM1 sends to the 10.0.0.0/8 network.

Which cmdlet should you run?

- ☐ Add-VMNetworkAdapterAcl
- ☐ Set-VMNetworkAdapter
- ☐ New-VMResourcePool
- ☐ Set-VMNetworkAdapterRoutingDomainMapping

Question 163

You have a Hyper-V failover cluster that contains three nodes. Virtual machines are distributed evenly across the cluster nodes.

You need to ensure that if a node loses connectivity from the other nodes, the virtual machines on the node will be transitioned to one of the remaining nodes after one minute.

Which settings should you modify?

- ☐ QuaranteneDuration and QuarantineThreshold
- ☐ SameSubnetDelay and CrossSubnetDelay
- ☐ QuorumArbitrationTimeMax and RequestReplyTimeout
- ☐ ResiliencyPeriod and ResiliencyLevel

Question 164

Your network contains an Active Directory domain named contoso.com. The domain contains two servers named Server1 and Server2 that run Windows Server 2016. The servers have the same hardware configuration.

You need to asynchronously replicate volume F: from Server1 to Server2.

What should you do?

- ☐ Run New-SRPartnership and specify the ReplicationMode parameter.
- ☐ Install the Failover Clustering feature and create a new cluster resource group.
- ☐ Install the Failover Clustering feature and use Cluster SharedVolumes (CSV).
- ☐ Run Set-DfsrServiceConfiguration and specify the -RPCPort parameter.

Question 165

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that use the same scenario. For your convenience, the scenario is repeated in each question. Each question presents a different goal and answer choices, but the text of the scenario is exactly the same in each question in this series.

Your network contains an Active Directory domain named contoso.com. The functional level of the forest and the domain is Windows Server 2008 R2. All servers in the domain run Windows Server 2016 Standard. The domain contains 300 client computers that run either Windows 8.1 or Windows 10.

The domain contains nine servers that are configured as shown in the following table.

Name	Configuration	Planned changes
Server1	Domain controller	<i>None</i>
Server2	File server	Run Failover Clustering and Storage Spaces Direct
Server3	File server	Run Failover Clustering and Storage Spaces Direct
Server4	Hyper-V host	Run shielded virtual machines
Server5	Hyper-V host	<i>None</i>
Server6	Member server	Run Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS)
VM1	Virtual machine hosted on Server5	<i>None</i>
VM2	Virtual machine hosted on Server5	<i>None</i>
VM3	Virtual machine hosted on Server5	<i>None</i>

The virtual machines are configured as follows:

Each virtual machine has one virtual network adapter.

VM1 and VM2 are part of a Network Load Balancing (NLB) cluster.

All of the servers on the network can communicate with all of the virtual machines.

You create a new NLB cluster that contains VM3.

You need to ensure that VM2 can remain in the original cluster and be added to the new cluster.

What should you do first?

- ☐ Add a new virtual network adapter to VM2.
- ☐ Install the Web Application Proxy server role on VM2 and VM3.
- ☐ Modify the default port rule.
- ☐ Change the cluster operation mode.

Question 166

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016. You need to configure Server1 as a multitenant RAS Gateway. What should you install on Server1?

- ☐ the Network Policy and Access Services server role
- ☐ the Remote Access server role
- ☐ the Data Center Bridging feature
- ☐ the Network Controller server role

Question 167

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that use the same or similar answer choices. An answer choice may be correct for more than one question in the series. Each question is independent of the other questions in this series. Information and details provided in a question apply only to that question.

You have a Hyper-V host named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016 and a two-node scale-out file server cluster named Cluster1.

A virtual machine named VM1 runs on Server1.

You need to migrate the storage on VM1 to Cluster1.

Which tool should you use?

- ☐ the clussvc.exe command
- ☐ the cluster.exe command
- ☐ the Computer Management snap-in
- ☐ the configurehyperv.exe command
- ☐ the Disk Management snap-in
- ☐ the Failover Cluster Manager snap-in
- ☐ the Hyper-V Manager snap-in
- ☐ the Server Manager app